THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
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4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Port Almanac—August 31.

Sun Rises	5.30 A M
Sun Sets	6.30 A M
Day's Length	13 h 0 m
High Water at Southport	5.09 P M
High Water at Wilmington	6.56 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N C., Aug. 31.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 80°; 8 p. m., 73°; maximum, 91°; minimum, 73°; mean 82°.

Rainfall for the day .62; rainfall for the month up to date, 6.41.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Light showers; variable winds.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

There was heavy rainfall yesterday in the Galveston district, and moderate rains in all other sections of the cotton belt. The rainfall in Wilmington was .61; Goldsboro, .50; Newbern, .32; Lumberton, .19. The maximum temperature at Newbern was 96; Weldon, Goldsboro, Raleigh and Lumberton, 94; Wilmington, 91; Charlotte, 90; Greensboro, 88.

OUTLINES

The Auditor of the Treasury has decided that Mr. Ransom's salary as Minister to Mexico cannot be paid until he is confirmed by the Senate. —Bradstreet's reports a striking increase in the volume of trade, with prospects for further improvement. — A fireman on the Pennsylvania R. R. killed in a peculiar manner near Millwood. — By the wrecking of a train on the Georgia Central Railroad, two passengers were killed and seven others injured. — An attempt was made to kill Sheriff Zerviss, of Middlesex county, N. J., by a dynamite bomb. — B. A. Bass, a commission merchant of Atlanta, Ga., was shot in an alley in that city; there is some doubt whether it was suicide or murder. — Two freight trains on the Southern Railway collided near Alexandria, Va.; several cars were thrown down an embankment and the engineers and firemen of both trains were seriously hurt. —At a meeting of the bondholders of the Macon & Northern Railroad the proposition to take the road into the Georgia Central reorganization scheme was unanimously adopted. — A board of officers has been appointed to examine the Port Royal, S. C. dry dock. — The yacht Defender beat the Vigilant in the third of the trial races, and will meet the British yacht Valkyrie III in the contest for the America's cup. — A party of twenty Cuban filibusters were arrested by a United States marshal in New Jersey and taken to Wilmington, Del. — The Southern Fertilizers' Association, which is in session at Asheville, has about finished its business. —Whiskey distillers, independent of the Whiskey Trust, have formed an association to be known as the Independent Distillers' Protective Association. —The report that ex-Postmaster General Bissell had been offered a position on the U. S. Supreme Court bench is denied. — New York market reports: Money on call was easy at 1 per cent, last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1; cotton steady—middling gulf 8 7-16c; middling 8 3-16c; Southern flour was dull and weak—common to fair extra $2.00@2.70; good to choice $2.80@3.00; wheat fairly dull and firmer, with options—No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66⅝c; afloat 67⅜c; corn dull and firmer—No. 2 at elevator 42⅝c; afloat 48¼c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 26½@28c; rosin dull but steady—strained common to good $1 50@1 55.

Oscar Wilde says he wants to die soon. The mistake that Oscar made was that he didn't die several years ago.

According to estimates prepared for the Hungarian Government the wheat crop of the United States this year will foot up 400,117,000 bushels against 415,053,000 bushels for Russia.

A New York paper says there are 80,000 "straight Republicans in that city." We don't believe it. There may be that many Republicans, but a very considerable percentage of them are crooked.

The fact that England has about 82,000 men in her navy and that she is spending some $30,000,000 on new war ships indicates that she thinks she may have some use for her navy sometime soon.

After carefully deliberating a California jury called to act in the case of four men who were hanged by a mob found that they had "died by strangulation." Some juries can find out almost anything.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 134. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,841

With this week's issue the Goldsboro *Headlight* closed its eighth year, during which time its circulation has increased from 500 to 3,000, an evidence of prosperity and appreciation, upon which we congratulate it, and of which it has been in every way deserving. It is an excellent paper, and Editor Roscower is a hustler.

The railroads of this country carried last year 583,248,007 passengers, 675,129,747 tons of freight, and earned $1,080,305,015, on which the net profit was $322,539,276. Receipts from other sources increased their revenue to $419,016,719, but they paid out in interest, rentals, dividends, &c., $429,484,953, or $10,468,234 more than they netted.

Mrs. Beecher, widow of Henry Ward, lately celebrated her eighty-third birthday by taking a ride across the continent to visit her son, who lives in the State of Washington. The old lady is so hale that she contemplates writing two books within a year.

It is said that a trio of New Jersey capitalists are planning to buy the franchises, property, etc., of the defunct Panama canal, and if this succeed, complete that big ditch within the next eighteen months, which they say they can do for $100,000,000. That's Jersey talk.

Keir Hardie, the President of the Independent Labor Party of England, who has come to this country to talk to workmen, took a promenade in the Bowery, New York, the other night and was agreeably surprised to find that it wasn't as bad as the Whitechapel district in London.

Mr. Rosemarynowski, who lives up North somewhere, wants $3,000 damages from another fellow who knocked out three of his teeth. On this basis we suppose if the fellow had knocked off Mr. Rosemarynowski's head he would have wanted about $72,000 damages.

"Let the wage earners think," exclaims a gold standard organ. Well, they are thinking and doing a power of it. If these gold standard fellows do not change their tactics they may discover before long that the "wage earners" have been doing too much thinking.

The English people must drink worse liquor or more of it than they did fifteen years ago, for the death rate from intemperance has more than doubled in that time. In 1889 it was 34 per million of inhabitants; in 1893 it was 73 per million.

Patent office reports show that over three hundred patents are annually issued to woman inventors. Some of them are quite useful, too, and out of the line of things in which women would be supposed to be interested.

According to Poor's Manual, the railroad construction in the year 1894 amounted to 1,821 miles, giving a total mileage for the United States of 179'279 miles. The total liabilities are put down at $11,565,600,207.

According to some scientists, this earth is 680,000,000 of years old, and yet there are some people who think they could have made improvements on it if they had a hand in the making.

Fifteen years ago Roanoke, Va., was a railroad station, with a few scattered houses. Now it is a city of 20,000 people, humming with industries.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BASE BALL—At Hilton Park.
W. B. COOPER—Cotton 8 cents.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICE—Examinations.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The STAR's Raleigh letter failed to come last night. No connection at Goldsboro.

— Next Monday ("Labor Day") being a legal holiday, the banks of this city will be closed.

— There was 7 feet water in the river at Fayetteville Thursday at 8 a. m, a rise of 1.4 feet in 24 hours.

— The schooner *H. S. Woodruff* cleared yesterday for Cape Hayti, with 151,727 feet lumber, and 5,000 shingles. Cargo valued at $2,144.50.

— There is talk now of having the Fitzsimmons-Corbett fight at Mexico City, which is just across the Rio Grande river, opposite El Paso, Texas

— One of the excursionists from Greensboro Wednesday, said that twelve Mormon elders were on that train, and got off at different points; two of them coming to this city.

—Commencing with to-morrow and continuing until further notice the services at night at Grace Methodist E. Church will begin at 8 o'clock instead of 8.15, as formlery.

—The steamer *D. Murchison*, from Fayetteville yesterday, brought down a number of excursionists from points along the river, The *Murchison* left on the return trip at 8 o'clock last night.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mrs. T. H. Mayo, of Greensboro, is visiting friends in this city.

— Mr. George Darden is sick and confined to his room with a bilious attack.

— Assistant District Attorney Sol. C. Weill returned yesterday from a trip South.

— The STAR is glad to learn that the condition of Rev. J. B. Bailey who has been very sick in this city, is much better.

— Mrs. J. W. Murchison and children have returned home from their Summer trip.

— Doctors F. E. Hartsell, C. H. Bernhardt and L. J. Picot were in the city last night.

— Mr. W. P. Monroe, of Savannah, Ga., is in the city on a visit to friends and relatives.

— Mrs. A. M. Gilbert and daughter returned yesterday from a visit to Mrs. J. W. Westbrook, of Pender county.

— Mr. W. A. Johnson, of the firm of Johnson & Fore, leaves this morning for Clinton to join his family, who are visiting relatives there.

— Postal Clerk Robbins, whose "run" on the K. S. is now from Monroe to Rutherfordton, was a visitor at the STAR office last evening.

— Capt. C. E. Schwarz, Savannah, agent of the Antwerp Naval Stores Company, is here on a business trip and will remain several days. His numerous friends are glad to see him.

— Messrs. Walter L. Hilliard, Asheville; W. E. Clayton, N. C.; E. W. Kerr, J. S. Hartsell, Clinton; E. A. Moye, Jr., Greenville; S. M. Mann, Manteo, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Rev. A. D. McClure and Mrs. McClure returned Thursday much rested and refreshed from their month's vacation spent in Massachusetts and Maryland. Early in the month they attended a Bible Conference in Northfield, Mass. Mr. McClure will preach in his own church to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Their son, Alexander, spent the month with Mr. Jackson Johnson, at Town Creek, Brunswick county.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—25 casks spirits turpentine, 119 bbls rosin, 53 bbls tar, 21 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—85 casks spirits turpentine, 237 bbls rosin, 76 bbls tar.

Steamer D. Murchison—44 casks spirits turpentine, 64 bbls rosin, 98 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Daggett—18 casks spirits turpentine, 62 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 167 casks; rosin, 482 bbls; tar, 221 bbls; crude turpentine, 41 bbls.

Baseball This Afternoon.

On account of the rain yesterday afternoon the second of the series of games between the Blackstockings of this city and the Quicksteps of Charlotte was postponed until this afternoon. The third game will be played Monday. Judging from the good playing in Thursday's game a large crowd will be present this afternoon. The manager of the Charlotte team will put in their best pitcher to-day, and work to win the two games. T. C. Miller, Jr., manager of the Blackstockings, says he is confident that his team will win all three games, if his men don't get rattled. The game begins at four o'clock, sharp.

City Court.

Mayor Fishblate presided in the City Court yesterday.

Hester Brown, charged with disorderly conduct, was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars or work twenty days on the streets.

George Lucas, a colored boy, charged with annoying passengers and being a nuisance at the A. C. L. railroad depot, was discharged after his mother had given him a flogging.

Police Board Elect City Surveyor.

The Police Board met yesterday in the Mayor's office at the City Hall.

The Chairman, Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, said the meeting had been called to elect a city surveyor. Whereupon J. R. Lawrence was nominated for the position and unanimously elected.

There being no other business for consideration, the Board adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

OCTAVIUS W. COKE

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR NORTH CAROLINA

Died at His Home in Raleigh Yesterday—All Public Buildings Closed—Funeral This Afternoon.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 30.

Octavius Coke, Secretary of State, passed away at 8.40 o'clock this evening. The change for the worse occurred at twelve o'clock. All the public buildings were closed immediately. The Governor's council passed resolutions in memory of the Secretary, and decided to attend the funeral in a body. The family declined to grant the request made by the council to have the remains lie in state in the Capitol building. The funeral occurs to-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock in Christ's Episcopal Church.

Secretary Coke was born in Virginia in 1840. He was Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee in 1880; State Senator from Chowan, and was appointed Secretary of State by Gov. Fowle in 1891; was elected to succeed himself in 1892.

The Governor has offered a reward for Arthur Tucker—one hundred dollars. He is wanted for murder in Montgomery county.

Justice Phillips says the Arrington tribunal will conduct the examination behind closed doors.

The Governor honors a requisition from South Carolina for Charles Lloyd, under arrest at Sanford. He is wanted for murder in Lancaster county, S. C.

By United Press.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 30.—Octavius Coke, Secretary of State, died at his home here this afternoon, after over five weeks' illness of typhoid fever, during nearly all of which time he was delirious. He was born at Williamsburg, Va., in 1840, his father being a wealthy planter there. At the beginning of the war he entered the Confederate service, and served gallantly throughout the war, attaining the rank of captain. He was severely wounded at Sharpsburg. He became a lawyer soon after the war and located at Edenton, N. C., where he married Miss Elizabeth Wood. In 1876 he was elected State Senator. In 1879 he married Miss Kate Fisher, of this city, and made Raleigh his home, becoming a planter as well. In 1880 he was elected Democratic State Chairman, and thereafter was always a leading figure in State politics. In April, 1891, on the death of Wm. L. Saunders, Governor Fowle appointed him Secretary to fill the vacancy, and the following year he was unanimously nominated by his party and elected. He was a brother of Senator Richard Coke, of Texas, J. A. Coke and Alexander Coke, prominent attorneys of Richmond, Va., and Dr. L. C. Coke, of Martin county, N. C. He leaves a widow, three sons and three daughters. He was one of the finest orators in the State.

The Council of State was convened by Gov. Carr this afternoon, and the family was requested to permit the remains to lie in state in the rotunda of the Capitol. The family declined the request. His funeral will take place from Christ Episcopal Church, of which he was a member, to-morrow afternoon.

The Council of State adopted the following resolution: "That in the death of Octavius Coke we, his associates in the Executive Department of the State of North Carolina, have lost an able counsellor and a warm friend, and the State a faithful and distinguished officer, and we tender to his family our sincere sympathy in their great affliction."

Reduced Rates on the Seaboard Air Line.

On account of the meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic, Louisville, Ky., September 11th to 14th, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington $15.80. Tickets will be sold either via Paint Rock or Atlanta at the same rate. Tickets will be sold September 8th to 11th, final limit for return October 5th, 1895.

On account of the Son's of Veterans' Battlefield Encampment, Knoxville, Tenn., September 16th to 19th, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington, $10.00. Tickets on sale September 13th to 16th inclusive; final limit for return, October 10th, 1895.

On account of the dedication of the Chicamaugua and Chattanooga National Park, Chattanooga, Tenn., the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington, $11.25. Tickets on sale September 16th to 19th inclusive; extreme limit October 18th, 1895.

Killed by Lightning.

Mr. Charlie H. Young, section master in charge of the fourth section of the Wilmington & Weldon railroad, was killed by lightning yesterday afternoon. He was standing on the piazza of the section house, at South Washington, when he was struck by the electric current and died instantly. Mr. Young was about 28 years of age, and had many friends in Wilmington, who will regret to learn of his sad death.

Welcome Week.

The suggestions of the STAR in connection with Welcome Weeks meet with very general favor. A large number of business men have said so. They are anxious to have the W. W. W., and wish to see it surpass that of any previous year. This can be done. The outlook for trade is excellent, and many new and attractive features may be added. The dates should be earlier than heretofore.

The Orphans at Home.

Goldsboro *Argus*: Superintendent Deans and the orphans of the Home returned home last night on the Shoo-Fly, after a very pleasant trip to Wilmington and Wrightsville, to which they are indebted to the I. O. O. F Lodges of Wilmington, and we thank for ourselves our Wilmington brethren for the kindness shown the poor little orphans.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

COUNTERFEIT BILLS.

A Good Many in Savannah, and There May Be Some in Wilmington.

Savannah has been afflicted recently with counterfeit two-dollar bills, and as some of them may also be in circulation in Wilmington, the following descriptions, from the *Press*, are reproduced:

The most dangerous of the counterfeit two-dollar bills that have made their appearance in Savannah are the Hancock bills. These are new ones. They haven't been on the market long and only a few of them have been seen in Savannah. These bills are of the series of 1886 and have the picture of Hancock on one end, with a small red seal on the other. They are excellent counterfeits and are difficult to detect. Few persons other than experts would be able to tell them from the orginal. It takes a close scrutiny to distinguish the genuine from the bad and for this reason they are more dangerous than the other bill that is in circulation.

The bill that is comparatively easy to detect is one of the series of 1891, bearing a picture of William Windom, President Harrison's Secretary of the Treasury. The principal defect in the bill is that the right eye of Mr. Windom has a blank stare that is not in the eye of the genuine bill. The hair on the top of the ex-Secretary's head is also very irregular in the counterfeit and the entire bill appears as though dipped in water. The numbers of the bills are also imperfect. With the above knowledge in a person's possession the Windom bills can be easily fought shy of and a close scrutiny of the Hancock bills will also prevent a careful person from being left with bad money on hand.

Convocation of Wilmington.

The fall meeting of the convocation of Wilmington will be held in St. Mary's church, Kinston, Sept. 5th, 6th and 8th.

The following programme of services has been appointed:

THURSDAY, SEPT. 5,

11 a. m.—Morning prayer and holy communion, with sermon by Rev. Stewart McQueen.

8 p. m.—Service, with sermon by Rev. F. N. Skinner.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 6.

11 a. m.—Litany service, with sermon by Rev. J. Carmichael, D. D.

8 p. m.—Service, with sermon by Rev. Edward Wooten.

SUNDAY, SEPT. 8.

11— a. m.—Service, with sermon by Rev. I. W. Hughes.

8 p. m.—Service, with sermon by Rev. T. M. N. George.

Other appointments for Sunday are as follows: Snow Hill, Rev. Alban Greaves; Holy Innocents, Rev. F. N. Skinner; Clinton, Rev. J. Carmichael, D. D.; St. Thomas, Craven county, Rev. Edward Wooten; Faison's, Rev. Robert Strange, D. D.

Business meetings will be held as appointed.

Offering will be made at all the services for convocation purposes.

By order of the dean.

REV. FREDERICK N. SKINNER,
Sec'y Convocation of Wilmington.

INDEPENDENT LIGHT INFANTRY.

The One Hundred and Second Annual Election of Officers of the F. I. L. I.

[*Fayetteville Observer.*]

The one hundred and second annual election of officers of the F. I. L. I. Company took place Monday night. Major Vann tendered his resignation but the members refused to accept it, by a unanimous re-election. All the rest of the officers were re-elected to their old positions except the corporals, who were advanceed one grade. The following is the complete list of officers:

Major—J. C. Vann.
First Captain—E. L. Pemberton.
Second Captain—B. R. Huske.
Third Captain— T. T. McGilvary.
Fourth Captain—W. C. McDuffie, Jr.
First Sergeant—Leighton Huske.
Second Sergeant—J.G. Hollingsworth.
Third Sergeant—J. H. Robinson, Jr.
Fourth Sergeant—J. H. Culbreth.
Fifth Sergeant—J. B. Tillinghast.
First Corporal—N. H. McGeachy.
Second Corporal—W. A. McMillan.
Third Corporal—Marsden Haigh.
Fourth Corporal—J. A. Worth.
Financial Secretary—Marsden Haigh.
Recording Secretary—J. A. Worth.
Chaplain—Rev. Dr. J. C. Huske.
Surgeon—Dr. W. C. McDuffie.

Meeting of the McRaes.

It is announced that an interesting gathering somewhat out of the regular order of conventions will be held in Atlanta during the Exposition this Fall. It has been proposed by prominent McRaes in seven States to meet at the Exposition on a given date and have a convention of the name, which is quite a numerous one in Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, Alabama, Arkansas and Mississippi, and the name is respected wherever it is known. This convention was first suggested by Dr. K. G. McRae, a prominent resident of Hope, Arkansas, in a letter to A. H. McRae, of McRae, Ga., and it has been left with the latter to select the date for the meeting and make the necessary arrangements.

There is some interesting history connected with the name McRae in Scotland and this country, and no doubt an interchange of reminiscences at such a convention will prove to be very interesting and profitable to those in attendance.

Were Treated Royally.

The Fayetteville *Observer* says of the recent visit of the "Old Guard" to Wilmington:

"The F. I. L. I. boys were treated royally by the Wilmington Light Infantry on the 23rd. The Wilmington company accompanied the Fayetteville company to the Beach, and there put a car full of refreshments at their disposal. Several hundred people went on the excursion, and financially, as well as socially, it was a success. The music furnished by our band was greatly enjoyed and highly complimented by everybody."

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Peaches in moderate receipt, but quiet and rather easy, some nice ones brought a premium. Watermelons firm for fancy; light receipts. Sweet potatoes quiet and outside price extreme. Peaches—carrier, $1.50 to 2.50; basket, 50c to $1.12. Watermelons—hundred, $5 to 18. Potatoes—sweet, $1.62 to 2.00.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

The Churches.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, Fourth street, above Bladen. Rev. C. D. Bernheim, pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock. No service at night. Sunday School at 9.30 a m. Seats free and everybody welcome.

Market Street Methodist E. Church (the little Church around the corner), near the corner of Market and Ninth streets, Rev. M. T. Plyler, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Praise meeting Thursday night at 8.30 o'clock. Young Men's Meeting Tuesday at 8 p m. All are welcome.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8 15 p m. Class meeting at 7.15 p. m. Sunday School at 4 p. m. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 8 15 o'clock. The public cordially invited to all of these services.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Worcester streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services at 11.00 a m and 8 p m. Sunday School at 9.30 a m. Church Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 8.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Mulberry and Fourth streets, Rev. W. C. Norman, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11.00 a m and 8 p m. Young peoples meeting at 10.15 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 4.00 p m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner of Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. R. E. Peele, pastor. Services tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sabbath school at 4 p. m. Weekly prayer and praise meeting every Thursday evening at 8.00; seats free. A cordial invitation is extended to strangers and visitors.

First Baptist Church, corner of Fifth and Market streets, Rev. W. B. Oliver, Pastor. Morning services at 11 o'clock; evening services 8.00 o'clock. Congregational Prayer meeting Thursday night at 8 00 o'clock. Sunday school at 4.30 p m. Strangers and visitors cordially invited to all services.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev. K. Boldt, pastor. English service at 11 a. m. No service at night. Sunday School at 4.30 p m.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Base Ball.

The second of the series of three games for $100 will be played to-day, 4 p. m. sharp, at Hilton Park.
aug 30 tf

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR of the estate of the late Judith Lydia Livingston, I hereby notify all persons having claims against the said decedent to present the same to me on or before the 17th day of August, 1896.
Dated this 17th day of August, 1895.
ALFRED A. WATSON,
aug 17 6t* sat Administrator.

Removal.

The Office of W. H. CUMMING, Notary Public and Real Estate Agent, and of the Mechanics' Home Association, is being removed half square east from old stand to No. 125 Princess street, to office formerly occupied by Mr. T. W. Wood, the Sewing Machine Agent—next door to Mr. Plummer's Candy and Fruit Store. aug 27 tf

Cotton 8 Cents.

25,000 Butter Dishes.
100,000 Paper Bags.
1,000 pounds Paper Twine.
3,000 pounds Wrapping Paper.
25 barrels Cider.
25 barrels Vinegar.
100 barrels Molasses.
All at rock bottom prices.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street,
aug 31 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Residents on the Sound and Beach

Will find it to their interest to telephone

James D. Nutt,

The Druggist, No. 150, when in need of anything in his line.

Message and carriage free. Registered Pharmacist in attendance at all times. aug 27 tf.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.
INSURANCE.
Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH,
Wholesale Grocers.
july 27 tf

Beware of Pickpockets.

And high prices, as you know, when you pay the old time merchant 20 and 25 per cent more for your daily needs in Dry Goods and House Furnishing Goods, than you would have to pay at the Spot Cash, One Price, Racket Store. You re being robbed and you are not aware of the fact. We claim to be the leader in Low Prices, Good Goods and Big Values. Let us tell you of a few things that we are trying to push. You need some Matting and Carpet. We have a big lot of it. Short lengths in Matting that run from 2 to 12 yards that we will close for less than cost. Our 10c line at 8c; our 15c line for11 and 12c; our 20c line for 15c; our 25c line for 18c; these are remnants and short lengths. Our Carpet room is full to the door. Heavy and Thick Cotton Warp at 20 and 23; Hemp Carpet at at 12½c, better at 15 and 20c. A good 2-ply heavy Wool Carpet, good color, at 40c, worth 65c. Our line of Brussels and Moquet are going from 50 to 98c a yard. Carpet paper at 3c a yard. Curtain poles and trimming, with safety pins, at 25c a set. Lace Curtains at 50c a pair. In our Millinery Department we are offering some big values, and here is what they are. 500 ladies fine hats, worth at retail from 35c to $1, now to close at 10c each.

A fine line of White Chip Hats at 25 all nicely trimmed; at 50c each with ribbon and bunch of flowers on each Hat. Don't miss this chance.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

of Wilmington's big Racket Store.
aug 28 tf

THE

CAROLINA MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company,

of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co.,
Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co.,
Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,
Resident Agents.
je 9 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits	$15,958	$29,049	$40,118
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c	15,600	15,600	15,500
Deposits	333,070	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

MINERAL WATERS

ON DRAUGHT,

And by the Bottle or Gallon.

Harriss Lithia Water.

Barium Springs Water.
Panacea Springs Water.
Aoland Springs Water.
Fonticello Lithia Water.

Bottled Waters.

Villacabras—Saratoga Vichy.
Thompson's Bromide Arsenic.
Appolinaris—Carlsbad Sprudel.
Hunyadi Janos.
Rubinat Condal—Londonderry Lithia; Congress; Bethesda Hawthorn and others.

For Sale at

Bunting's Pharmacy

jy 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington.

Bagging and Ties.

JUTE BAGGING, different weight.
CALCUTTA BAGGING.
SUGAR BAY BAGGING (very cheap.)
NEW ARROW and PIECED TIES.
Call or write for prices before buying.
HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
aug 29 D&W tf

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. aug 31 tf

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Popular Place.

"The Prettiest Store Room in the State."

Elegance and Comfort.

"STEAM HEAT AND PASSENGER ELEVATOR, DELIGHTFUL!"

"You Will Have the Best. It's Your Way."

"IT WILL BE A PLEASURE TO VISIT A STORE LIKE THAT."

The above are remarks made by prominent Ladies of this city about our

NEW STORE,

No. 29 North Front St.

SPECIALS IN

DryGoods

Read These Items.

Carbolic Soap 5c cake, worth 10c.

100 yards Veiling 10c per yard, worth 35c.

Gent's Suspenders 35c, worth 50 and 75c.

Gent's Tecks only 10c, worth 25c.

500 yards Lace 5c a yard.

10,000 yards Crash 3c a yard.

Silk Belts 10c, worth 50c.

Pearl Buttons 25c a dozen, worth 50 cents.

Castile Soap, 3 cakes for 5c.

Rick Rack Braid in 24 yard pieces, only 5c a bunch.

Wash Silks reduced to 25c a yard.

Good Machine Spool Cotton two spools for 5c.

New line Percales and Calicos just received.

Sole Agentf for Onyx, Smith & Angels's Black Hosiery.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
aug 25 tf

Trunks and Valises.

Big Stock just received. Prices lower than ever.

Zinc Covered Trunks 75c and upward.

Patent Wall Trunks $4.65.

Travelling Bags 40c and upwards.

Telescopes 75c and upward.

Large Leather Valises $1.98.

Remember big Bargains in

CLOTHING

and lots of other goods at

J. H. REHDER & CO.'s,

Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $2.
Phone 118, aug 25 tf

Young Printer Wanted.

A YOUNG PRINTER WHO IS WELL ADvanced, and wishes to complete his trade, may secure employment as a "Two-Thirder," if well recommended, by applying at the STAR OFFICE.
aug 14 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 31, 1895

STAY-AT-HOME CURRENCY.

When Mr. Springer, of Illinois, was working on his bank bill in the last Congress his aim seemed to be to establish a system whose currency would be "as good in one section of the country as in another," and for that reason he opposed every proposition looking to the establishment of State banks without Federal supervision, and under State laws and supervision only. What he wanted was practically an extension of the national bank system, based upon a wider range of securities than Government bonds. He was so tenaciously committed to this that he would listen to nothing else, and to his stubborn opposition more than to that of any other one man may be attributed the failure of the efforts to repeal the State bank tax, which would at once have opened the way for the establishment of State banks.

Perhaps he didn't fully realize what this failure and his opposition meant, and perhaps he did; we don't know about that, but one thing is certain and that is if this bank tax had been repealed we would have had very little agitation of the silver question, and the Democratic party could have approached the campaign of 1896 united, harmonious and confident, which it certainly cannot do now. There was not only justice in the demand for its repeal, but there was good politics. In view of the disappointment felt by many good Democrats at the failure of Congress to do anything for silver when the purchase clause of the Sherman act was repealed, and the certainty that this would stimulate the agitation for free silver, the Democratic leaders in Congress missed their grand opportunity to placate the South and the West and to forestall the free silver movement by repealing that tax and thus put it in the power of the people to supply their own currency, the want of which is the real cause of the rapid spread of the free coinage movement, or "craze," as the goldites call it. The probabilities are that if some of them had an opportunity to undo what they did then, or to do what they then failed to do, with the present lights before them it would not require much argument or much appealing to get them to vote for the unconditional repeal of that bank tax.

But aside from the politics there would have been in the repeal, the State bank proper, without any Federal supervising, entirely independent of Federal influence directly or indirectly, is the bank that the people need, especially in the South and West which are the sections that are most drained and suffer most under the present system which draws the currency from the circumference, so to speak, to money centers and locks it up in the vaults of the great banks, from which it trickles out again only when the requisite inducements are offered to make it trickle.

As we are writing now requests are going from the South and the West to the Eastern banks and sub-treasuries for small bills to help the movement of the crops, and the crops have to crawl along the best way they can until the "small bills" come. This is an annual occurrence.

The objection that the currency of State banks, established under State laws and State supervision only, would not circulate in other States without being subjected to heavy discount, is one of the cardinal virtues of that kind of currency, for that would have a tendency to keep it at home, and prevent it from being absorbed by other communities, and if it went abroad it would certainly come back, which is not the case with the currency we have now, with even as little of it as we have.

But in addition to this there would be no occasion for these State bank notes going into other States, for the bank check, national bank notes, and other currency would suffice to pay debts in, or transact business that might be done with people of other States, leaving our own bank notes for the home circulation for which they were intended. Aside from the fact of its expanding the volume of the currency to meet the demands of business, one of its main virtues would be its stay-at-home character, and the certainty of always having enough of it to meet the demands of the communities in which the banks were located. That is the true function of the State bank proper, and that's the only kind of a bank that can be called a State bank proper—a bank established to supply the people of the State with notes for their own special benefit and convenience. That's the kind of banks we of the South most need, and that kind of a currency, supplemental to to the limited amount we already have from other sources, is the kind of money we most need.

* * *

In his speech at Bowling Green, Ky., Hon. P. Wat Hardin concisely stated the position of the free silver advocates when he said, "The State platform favors the coinage of both gold and silver, without discrimination, into standard dollars. That's what it says—keep the metals upon a parity and upon an equality. That's what we want. No one wants inflation, and we do not want contraction." There is a good deal of clap-trap used by the gold men about "good money," "sound money," "honest money," catch phrases, all of which mean the same thing, and each of which is used to define the other. It is a gratuitous reflection not only on the honesty, but on the common sense of the advocates of free silver, to say or insinuate that they are in favor of degrading the currency or of unsound, dishonest money when they demand that the money of the Constitution shall be restored to the position it occupied for eighty-two years up to the time it was degraded by surreptitious and dishonest methods. We protest against the continued degradation of silver, which must result in contraction of the currency, and when we are threatened with a dangerous inflation, the good sense of the American people will provide a way to prevent that. But that is one of the issues by which we are not even remotely confronted now, save in the imagination of the gold monometallist.

* * *

The Midland Spinning Company of Eaton, England, which has been experimenting in the manufacture of ramie, claims to have succeeded so well that it is now putting ramie yarns on the market and selling at remunerative prices. It is so well satisfied with its success that it has secured possession of a large tract of land in India where it proposes to go into the culture of the plant on a large scale, so as to ensure a permanent supply for its factories. For some years experiments have also been made in this country to economically prepare the fiber for use, but so far the success has not been such as to encourage the cultivation of the plant. If some process not too costly, could be devised for preparing the fiber, ramie growing and manufacturing might become profitable industries in some parts of the South which are said to be well adapted to its growth. The fiber is beautiful, can be used in combination with cotton, silk and other fibers, and is by itself adapted to so many uses that there would be a great and growing demand for it.

* * *

Oscar Wilde says he wants to die soon. The mistake that Oscar made was that he didn't die several years ago.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The plutocrats who spend more than $100,000,000 of American gold in Europe this year, would probably be quite content if another issue of bonds were ordered to stiffen the gold reserve. The people pay the piper, but the people be—blessed! —*Augusta, Chronicle, Dem.*

—— The bonanza of the sea island cotton growers is becoming richer. It has been discovered by actual tests that the very best fabric to be used in connection with rubber in the pneumatic tires of bicycles is made of sea island cotton, hence the chances are that it will not be a great while before all manufacturers of pneumatic tires will be using that particular kind of cotton. The demands that will be thus created can be estimated when it is stated that 2,000,000 tires will be turned out in this country this year, and probably as many more in Europe, and that the expectations are that the production will be fully as large, or larger, for several years to come.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: After all the complaining of poor crops and gloomy outlook, the crops in this county promise to be good, and they are about made now.

— Sanford *Express*: There is said to be a fine prospect for a large yield of corn on Deep river. If the river will only behave itself for another month or two the boards of some of the cribs will have to be pulled off to garner the crop.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Rev. D. B. Nelson, one of the best known Baptist ministers in western North Carolina, died at his home in Henderson county Wednesday evening. He was a native of Tennessee, and 64 years old. He was for years editor of the organ of the western North Carolina Baptist convention.

— Dunn *Union*: Crops are reported in all parts of the county as being much better than was expected a few weeks ago. —— We learn that Mr. Henry Creech, who lived in Elevation township, Johnston county, was thrown from his cart on August 17th, and died from the injuries received from the fall on Friday 22nd.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: Mr. Mike Clarke, a well-to-do citizen of Lilesville township, sold two bales of cotton here a few days ago that he had had on hand for six years. The cotton was in good condition, and brought 7.50. Mr. Clarke could have sold the cotton at one time for 12 cents. —— On the night of the 18th of last August, Robert T. Redfearn escorted Miss Fannie Jackson, daughter of Brown Jackson, all of White's Store township, to preaching at Long Pine church. They were in a buggy, and on their way home the girl claims that Redfearn assaulted her. The next day her father had a warrant issued for Redfearn, but he could not be found. Governor Carr was then asked to offer a reward for his arrest. A reward of $200, offered by the State, was advertised in the *M. & I.*, but until last Monday, when Redfern came in and surrendered to Sheriff Wall, did the general public know anything as to his whereabouts. He was at once placed in jail, where he awaits his trial, which will probably take place next week. Miss Jackson, the young lady in the case, has recently married and now lives in Union county.

TWINKLINGS

— A Regular Snap—"What is Smith doing now?"

"He is travelling with a circus."

"Pretty hard work, isn't it?"

"No; he has nothing to do except to stick his head into the lion's mouth twice a day."—*Texas Siftings.*

— True Afloat and Ashore.—"Why," asked the new boarder, "why do you say that there is a resemblance between riding a bicycle and sailing a boat?"

"Because," said Cheerful Idiot, "because you lose the wind when you get on the wrong track."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Retrospection.—Nuwed: "According to you, I never told you a single truth before we were married," Mrs. Nuwed—"Oh, George, you were not quite as bad as all that. Don't you remember you always used to say you were unworthy of me."—*Life.*

— Mr. Urban—Why is it that you country people charge so much more for board than we have to pay in the city?

Mrs. Emilage—"La me what a question! In the city the boarding-house keepers has plenty of markets, but here we have to raise everything.—*N. Y. Weekly.*

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, P. E.

Bladen circuit, Antioch, August 31 and September 1

Kenansville circuit, Richlands, September 7 and 8

Brunswick circuit, Shalotte Camp, September 14 and 15

Clinton circuit, Johnson's, September 21 and 22.

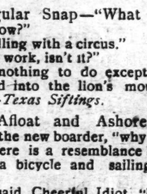
Weak, Irritable, Tired

"I Was No Good on Earth."

Dr. Miles' Nervine strengthens the weak, builds up the broken down constitution, and permanently cures every kind of nervous disease.

"About one year ago I was afflicted with nervousness, sleeplessness, Creeping sensation in my legs, Slight palpitation of my heart, Distracting confusion of the mind, Serious loss or lapse of memory. Weighted down with care and worry. I completely lost appetite And felt my vitality wearing out, I was weak, irritable and tired, My weight was reduced to 160 lbs., In fact I was no good, on earth.

A friend brought me Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," and I finally decidde to try a bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. Before I had taken one bottle I could sleep as well as a 10-yr.-old boy. My appetite returned greatly increased.



When I had taken the sixth bottle My weight increased to 176 lbs., The sensation in my legs was gone; My nerves steadied completely; My memory was fully restored. My brain seemed clearer than ever. I felt as good as any man on earth. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is A great medicine, I assure you."

Augusta, Me. WALTER R. BURBANK,

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
Restores Health

Monthly Pains cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Forsale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y sa tu th change.

All forms of Summer Complaint, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, etc., which are attended by so much

Pain

are quickly relieved and effectually cured by PAIN-KILLER. The standard remedy for these troubles for more than 50 years. It

Goes

without saying, that every kind of pain—internal or external—takes its leave

When

PAIN-KILLER is applied. Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Bites and Stings are all cured by

Pain-Killer

Accept no substitutes or imitations. The genuine bears the name—"Perry Davis & Son"—and is sold every where at 25c. a bottle, (double the former quantity).

Remember that all pain goes when Pain-Killer

Comes.

June 8 52t sa we fr

PLUCKY MONGOOSE.

HOW IT VANQUISHES THE MOST DEADLY OF SERPENTS.

Description of a Battle Between the Little Fighter and a Cobra—Courage and Skill That Are Unsurpassed—The Most Horrible of Scenes.

One of the most interesting and curious animals known to India is the mongoose. Mongooses belong to the weasel tribe and are the size of half grown cats. They are dark brown in color and have long and rather bushy tails. To see them in the jungles playing with their half dozen young is one of the most interesting and entertaining pleasures of jungle life. In their wild state they are exceedingly timid and scamper off to their hidden retreat at a moment's warning. When taken young, they are easily tamed and make agreeable pets.

The peculiar trait of this little animal is its great antipathy to the whole serpent tribe. The greatest of his joys seems to be manifested when it is known that a battle is to take place between a mongoose and a cobra. Often Europeans secure a large cobra, and placing it in an unoccupied room feed it for several days until it is strong and lively, then introduce its natural enemy and watch the terrific conflict.

The mongoose also is not neglected, for it must be in as good condition as possible so as to meet its adversary with equal advantage. Both being in excellent condition, the battle is announced and never fails in bringing a large crowd of interested witnesses.

The mongoose is introduced into the room, and immediately the most furious and absorbingly interesting conflict ever seen commences. It is usually a deadly combat and unless interfered with is always so. The serpent seems to know its enemy. At once its head is erected and hood expanded. Dancing and swaying from side to side, it advances slowly, carefully, to give battle. The hissing and smothered growling and the glittering eyes and flashing, fiery tongue of the maddened reptile is a scene of awful malignity. The mongoose is in no way daunted by the furious anger manifested by its terrible antagonist and stealthily but cautiously advances. Watch the beautiful little fellow. All our sympathy is with our friend. See him circle round, seeking an advantage. But he is met at every turn by the subtle enemy. If the serpent strikes the mongoose while it is on the ground, which sometimes happens, and has a chance to turn its head, the deadly poison is injected through its fangs, and the battle is over, for now the mongoose hurriedly seeks an avenue for escape and will hasten into the jungle, where some believe it finds an antidote for the poison unknown to humanity.

But the mongoose rarely allows such an accident to happen. It is usually quicker than the striking serpent and often catches the head of its adversary in middair. The wonderful agility of this animal is marvelous. If it gets a good hold of the serpent's jaw, then there is a tremendous tussle, and for a time cobra and mongoose are indistinguishable as they roll, flounder and struggle. They break away. The mongoose retreats, gets his wind, while the serpent seems loath to continue. It dare not follow any seeming advantage, for the mongoose never loses courage as long as it escapes the twisted head of the serpent, and the serpent's head must twist before the death dealing power is effectual.

They go in for another round. The mongoose makes the advance. Again it goes through a similar movement and bounds at the head of the serpent. The serpent strikes, and the mongoose lands opposite. As quick as a flash again it jumps for the serpent's head, inflicts a slight wound and lands just beyond the lightninglike strike of the serpent and as quickly turns to the charge, seizing the serpent close to the head on the neck. The serpent for the moment is pinned to the ground. It lashes its tail and turns its head in every direction, endeavoring to shake off the plucky mongoose. The struggle is desperate and successful, for suddenly the mongoose is away out of reach of its dreadful fangs. Panting and almost breathless, it rests for more wind on one side of the room, while the serpent, bleeding and almost exhausted, coils itself in the center.

We wonder if the mongoose is wounded as with its tongue it laps the blood off its body and curiously examines itself with its nose. But see, it is all alert; watch its beautiful, twinkling eyes. It still has all the marks of cunning mischievousness peculiar to its species. Again it is ready for the fray and seeks its enemy. The serpent, with watchful eyes, would escape if it were possible. But no such chance is given. Up goes the bleeding head, sore, wild, and angry. It freely bleeds from mouth and neck, but it is full of active, venomous life. Oh, that terrible bloody head! The most horrible of all earthly scenes. Never shall I forget it. It used to disturb my dreams, and for days was in my waking thoughts.

The mongoose now engages our sympathetic attention. Will it even yet come off victorious? It leaps, misses by a duck, leaps again and lands this side. Again a rush; they have closed. The tumult is wild, with blood, serpent and mongoose. We watch with suppressed emotion. The mongoose has its favorite hold. In the struggle, quicker than human eye could follow, somehow it has caught the serpent by the jaw and holds it close to the ground. But the serpent has wrapped its folds two and three times around the body of the mongoose and is endeavoring to squeeze by contraction its precious little life away.

We are almost compelled to rush to its rescue and remark, "It is all up with the mongoose." One of the bystanders replies, "Be patient; the mongoose is all right." But look, and you can almost hear its bones crack as the serpent contracts its black coils and struggles to crush. The mongoose is lifted clear from the ground, hind legs extended, and its body is almost covered with blood. But watch its head; see its jaws move as it crunches the head of the serpent. They lie together thus some minutes, when it is perceived that the serpent is slowly relaxing its coils. The mongoose quickly takes a better hold. A few more crunches and the victory is gained, as is known when suddenly the mongoose moves off, dragging the limp and dead body of the snake after him.—Providence Journal.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

A DELAYED LETTER.

They were tearing down the Centerville courthouse. One of the workmen found a letter upon which was the faded address "Daniel H. Carter."

"Why, it's to old Preacher Carter!" said some one.

"How do you know?" asked another.

"Why, it's 'Daniel H. Carter' and his name's Daniel Henry. It must have been sent years before he went to preaching. Let's open it."

"Open it?" said the second speaker. "Is that letter addressed to you? No, sir. It's addressed to Daniel H. Carter, and he's the only man who has any right to its contents. That envelope's got a United States stamp on it, and I don't care how long it's lain there. It means protection to whatever it carries. That stamp would hold good a day after judgment."

The speaker was evidently a man of weight, for his argument was particularly effective, for there were murmurs of approval in the crowd and voices that said in several tones and keys:

"We ain't got no right to open it."

"The squire's right."

"Better send it to its owner."

"It might cost the county something, anyhow," said a young sprig of the law—"that is, if it's anything particular, whose benefits Mr. Carter was prevented from taking advantage of by this delay."

The upshot of it all was that the letter was sent across to the building which had been fitted up and was doing service as postoffice in lieu of the old one and sent out by the carrier who had the Rev. Daniel H. Carter upon his route.

The Rev. Mr. Carter was an easy, good natured bachelor, and had been pastor at Centerville for almost all the years since he returned from creditable service as chaplain of a regiment during the civil war. It was true that he had passed by all the religiously inclined spinsters and charitable widows in the town, but in spite of this almost unpardonable offense he was well beloved and deeply revered, and the church, with the experience of many years, had grown used to its bachelor parson.

That morning when the postman rang his bell he went to the door and received his letter with his usual smile and "thank you."

To him the envelope seemed rather dusty on one edge and a bit old fashioned, he imagined, but, then, some years had passed over the Rev. Daniel Carter's head and his sight was not so good as it had once been. So, without curiosity, he laid the letter down on his study table and went down to breakfast.

The bread, butter and eggs were particularly good that morning, and the tea was just to his taste, so perhaps the minister lingered a little longer at his morning meal than was usual. It was at any rate a rather long time for a man who had on his study table a letter which had been on the way for nearly 35 years.

But at last the pastor made an end of eating and again sought his study. He picked up the letter and adjusted his glasses with leisurely care. He glanced at the postmark and let his eye roam over the address, but he did not seem to see well, so he took off his glasses, rubbed and polished them and set them on his nose again.

He looked at the handwriting and as his hand went up to smooth his brow a flash of recognition came into his eyes. His hand dropped quickly and he looked at the postmark again. Then with a sudden gasp and the perspiration standing out upon his brow he dropped into a chair. Only for a moment he sat there staring into vacancy, and then with trembling fingers he tore the missive open and devoured its contents with his eager eyes.

When he had finished it, the letter dropped from his grasp and he put his hands over his face. His frame shook with sobs and the tears trickled between his fingers. When his paroxysm of grief had about subsided his voice came muffled from behind his hands in these words:

"Great God, I thank thee that thou hast revealed to me this thing."

He picked the letter up and read it again. It ran:

BELMONT.

MY DEAR DANIEL—What! Ashamed to come and tell me yourself! Timid boy! Have you not seen that I love you? It shames my maidenhood to write thus; but, as you say, one can write so much more boldly than one can talk. Yes, I will be your wife. Come to me when you will; it cannot be too soon.

ELIZABETH DEERING.

"Elizabeth! Elizabeth!" cried the minister. "How I have paid for my cowardice! I thought you had met my proposal with scorn and deemed it unworthy even of an answer, and I was glad to go into the heat of battle and care for the suffering and dying, to bury the dead, and—to try to forget. But in all these years I have not forgotten!"

Then suddenly a thought occurred to him, and he sat bolt upright in his chair. A moment more he had his hat on and was out of the house. Had any of his congregation met him as he went wildly flying down to the station they would sadly have considered the advisability of retaining such a pitifully demented creature as the pastor. His hat was set far back on his head, his hair flying and his coat flying wide and an open letter flaring in his hand. He took the train for Belmont. The two towns were so much nearer than they were 30 years ago.

They had grown, and he was hardly out of the suburbs of one before he was into the suburbs of the other.

In the middle of Belmont they set him down. Could any one tell him where a Miss Deering lived? He asked the question with a trembling and failing voice. It had been past 30 years ago, you know.

"Miss Deering—what! Miss Lizzie Deering? Why, any one can tell you where good Miss Lizzie Deering lives. It's right at the end"—

But the interrogated Belmontain stood staring at the man who had dashed off in the direction pointed out before he had had time to finish his sentence.

Who shall tell what subtle instinct drew the minister to the right door? A sweet faced, gray haired woman was sitting near a table sewing. At the unannounced and impetuous entrance of her visitor she half rose and turned very pale.

"Elizabeth, Elizabeth!" cried the preacher, "I have just got your letter."

Miss Deering let her sewing fall.

"I thought you did not care for me, and I have lived all these years so near you without daring to say a word."

He handed her the letter, and as they held it between them tears dropped upon it.

"Elizabeth, is it too late?" he said.

"I have waited," she said, "because I believed in you. I knew that something had happened that through the mists we could not see. I have kept my love fresh and green, Daniel."

That afternoon she went back with him to the parsonage.—Chicago News.

Working Him Regularly.

"Dinguss," said Shadbolt, reluctantly lending him another ten, "my acquaintance with you is the most expensive I've ever formed."—Chicago Tribune.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve your little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

Cholera

A RISP RUST

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

Zachary Taylor's Son-in-law.

The battle of Buena Vista was General Taylor's last engagement during the war, but it had turned him into a hero. It was also the means of bringing about a family reconciliation. In 1835 Jefferson Davis, a lieutenant in General Taylor's army, had won the love of the general's oldest daughter, Sarah. The father not being favorable to the marriage, the young couple eloped. General Taylor, grieved and incensed, forbade them his house. In less than a year the young wife died without having had any expression of her father's pardon. This sorrow had been a heavy one in the general's heart and only tended to deepen his feeling against Davis, who had, however, on several occasions been assigned to his army. In this battle so greatly did he—now Colonel Davis—distinguish himself, remaining in his saddle in the thick of the fight, though grievously wounded and persistently sharing in the desperate encounter, that the commander felt all of his old indignation disappear and henceforth looked upon him as a friend and a son.—Chautauquan.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute	@	5½
Standard	7½@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	8½@	8½
Shoulders ₩ lb	@	7½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	6½@	6¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	@	25
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	53
Virginia Meal	60 @	65
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	@	75
CANDLES—₩ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	21
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	7 @	6¾
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	@	14
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50 @	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
" Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice	@	4 00
Straight	@	3 75
Fine Patent	@	4 50
GLUE—₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	54
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	40
Cow Peas	@	85
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	8½@	9@
North Carolina	8½@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel		1 25
LUMBER(city weed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	30 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	22
" in bbls	@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	18 @	25
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d base	@	2 50
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	11 00 @	14 00
Rump	@	18 50
Prime	@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	12
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	65
American	@	60
on 100 ₩ Sacks	45 @	50
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granul'd	4¾@	4¾
Standard A	@	4¾
White Ex. C	@	4¼
Extra C, Golden	4 @	4¼
C, Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@	
STAVES, R. O.—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	10 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	2 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	2 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5 @	3
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	18 @	
Clear of burr	17½@	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady, at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25¼ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 17½ per bbl for Strained and $1 17½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 25 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 80 for Virgin.

COTTON—Firm.

Ordinary	5½ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	6¾ " "
Low Middling	7 1-16 " "
Middling	7½ " "
Good Middling	7 15-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	00 bales
Spirits Turpentine	167 casks
Rosin	433 bbls
Tar	221 bbls
Crude Turpentine	41 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Evening—Money on call was easy at 1 per cent, last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 488¾@489 for sixty days and 489¼@490 for demand. Commercial bills 487¾@488½. Government bonds strong; United States coupon fours 112⅝; United States twos 94⅝. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 103½; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds strong. Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 30—Evening Cotton steady; middling gulf 8 7-16c; middling 8 3-16c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady; sales 416,600 bales. August nominal, September 7 89, October 7 96, November 8 02, December 8 08, January 8 14, February 8 19, March 8 28.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross — bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded — bales; sales 2,907 bales, sales to spinners 707 bales; stock (actual) 160,927 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 3,084 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; stock 287,856 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 6,887 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,698 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 1,205 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts — bales; gross 1,567 bales; exports to Great Britain 349 bales; to the France — bales; to the Continent 1,805 bales; forwarded 455 bales; sales 4,913 bales; sales to spinners 3,928 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,923,400 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,440,752 bales; exports to France 775,370 bales; exports to the Continent 2,425,660 bales.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30—Evening.—Flour quiet and about steady; winter wheat, low grades $3 15@3 60; fair to fancy $3 75@3 25; patents $3 50@3 75; Minnesota clear $3 65@3 20; patents $3 30@4 00; low extra $3 50@3 60; city mills —; do patents —. Southern flour was dull and weak; common to fair extra $3 00@3 70; good to choice $3 80@3 00. Wheat was dull and firmer with options; No 2 red in store and at elevator 66⅝c; afloat 67¾c; options were moderately active and irregular, advancing 1¼@1⅝c, declined ⅜@1, closing firm at ⅛@¾ over yesterday; No. 2 red August 66½c; September 66¾; October 67½c; December 69⅝c; May 71⅜c. Corn dull fir; No. 2 at elevator 42⅝c; afloat 43¼c; options were dull and irregular, closing firm and unchanged to ¼c higher; September 41⅝c; October 41⅜c; November 40⅞c; May 38¾c. Oats dull and firm; options dull and easier; August 24¼c; September 23¼c; October 23¼c; May 26½c; No. 2 white October 25¼c; spot prices—No. 2 24¼c; No. 2 white 27c; mixed Western 24@26c. Hay—receipts light; shipping 65@70c; good to choice 80@90. Wool steady; demand light; domestic fleece 16@23c; pulled 15@34c. Beef dull, family $9 00@12 00; extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams quiet and weak at $15 50; tierced beef firm; city extra India mess $16 50@17 00; cut meats quiet and steady; pickled bellies 7c; shoulders 5¾@6c; hams 9@9¼c. Lard quiet and firmer; Western steam $5 25; city $6 00; September $5 29; refined lard quiet; Continent $6 75; South America $7 00; compound $4 63¾@5 00. Pork steady and demand moderate; mess $10 75@11 25. Butter quiet and choice steady; State dairy 12@18½; creamery 19¾@20; Western dairy 9¾@18c; Elgins 20c. Eggs—quiet and weak for all but choice; State and Pennsylvania 15@16c; Western

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M.D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete without an ideal
COMPLEXION POWDER.
POZZONI'S
Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.
Insist upon having the genuine.
IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
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Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!
Mexican Mustang Liniment
CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY
accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.
The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

AN ELECTRIC BLUFF.

HOW A GENIUS REASSURED THE HOTEL MAN AT JAYVILLE.

Quick Work at the Long Distance Telephone, Which the Landlord Had Not Been Acquainted With Very Long—Draft Cashed and Dinner Thrown In.

"Did I ever tell you about the great bluff I invented and worked off on a country hotel proprietor?" asked Meekin, the lazy inventor, as he tilted back his chair and lit his pipe. "It would have been blamed inconvenient for me if I hadn't brought my inventive faculties to bear on the subject, and if I had neglected to observe the new telephone. It came about like this: I was making a flying trip through the west in search of a man who was said to have invented a process for tempering copper by electricity. One evening about dinner time I reached an Indiana town which I'll call Jayville, as the town is still there, and so is the hotel proprietor. I rushed into the only hotel in the place, asked for some dinner and was shown to the dining room after I had registered. I wanted to catch the 9:13 train for Indianapolis, so I could spend the night there. When I had finished my meal, I fished around in my pockets for a dime to tip the waiter with. I found I hadn't a blooming cent in my clothes. You know I'm careless about money matters, and never think of lucre until I'm out of it. Well, I hadn't any cash, but I had a $50 draft on New York in my pocketbook. I let the waiter go without his tip and walked out to the office, where I found the landlord. I ostentatiously took up a pen, asked the landlord his name, and made the draft payable to him.

"'Now,' said I, 'if you'll kindly take out the price of a dinner and give me the balance of this $50 I'll be obliged.'

"The landlord read over the draft forward, backward, sideways and upside down. Then he held it up to the light. At last he looked at me sharply and said:

"'Your name Meekin?'

"'Sure thing,' said I.

"'T. J. Meekin?'

"'Sure.'

"'How do I know it?'

"'You don't, but I'm telling you,' said I.

"'How do I know you ain't one o' these yere flim flammers?'

"'You don't. Do I look like a flim flammer?'

"'Waal, ye mought an ye moughtn't,' was the landlord's encouraging reply. It was getting near train time, and I was getting nervous. In glancing around the office with the faint hope that I'd see some one I knew, my glance fell upon a long distance telephone over in the corner. Right here was where I invented my bluff in Jayville at 8:45 p. m.

"'See here, Mr. Man,' I said to the landlord, 'you know a bank draft when you see it, don't you? Well, that's a bank draft. Now, it don't make any difference to you who I am if I can prove that the draft's good, does it? All right. I see you have a telephone. Can I use it?'

"'Yo can if ye know how to work the thing. Just put her in yistiddy, an I ain't on to the game yit.'

"'All right,' I replied. 'Now you come over here to the telephone with me, and I'll soon satisfy you that your suspicions of me and this draft are all wrong.'

"We went over to the 'phone; the landlord leaned up against the wall watching my every movement. Luckily no one was around but an old man asleep near the stove and a stupid German porter. I picked up the receiver without ringing, and this is what the landlord heard:

"'Hello, central! Gimme New York. Hello! This New York? Gimme 3333 Cortlandt. Hello! 3333 Cortlandt? Manhattan Exchange National bank? Mr. Crandell there? Hello! This you, Crandall, old man? This is Meekin. M-double-e-k-i-n. Yes, Meekin, T. J. How are you? Say. I'm in Jayville, Ind. Hotel man says your draft number 347 on my account is no good. How about it? Well? Good for $5,000, is it? Sure? You are, eh? Good joke on your old bank, ain't it, Crandell? Cost you a bottle when I get back. Sure it's good, are you? Ha, ha! That's good. Well, so long. See you next Monday.'

"With that I hung up the receiver without ringing off, and turned to look at the landlord. His eyes were bulging out, and when I asked him if he required any further proof he gasped out:

"'Waal, I swum to gracious! Ef that ain't the finest thing I ever see! Talking to New York, eh! Waal, I never thought to see it. Here, come over here and get yer cash. The dinner's on me. Never see anything so wonderful since the circus was here last.'

"I took the money, thanked him and nearly laughed myself into hysterics all the way to Indianapolis."—Electrical Review.

TOBACCO.

The Curious Early History of Its Manufacture In Cuba.

"Tobacco growing Cuba has had a curious history," said A. H. Latta as he lighted his after dinner Havana. "And it is the one industry that I know of which has nearly been annihilated by excessive care and protection. In the year 1711 a factory was started in Havana to foster a cultivation of the weed, on which, 100 years before, the peninsular government had levied a tax to help defray the expenses of the state. This factory lasted for 33 years, and then, failing to answer the purpose for which it had been created, was abolished. Contracts for quantities of the best tobacco were then entered into with wealthy persons in Spain, but instead of allowing the business to take care of itself the government deemed it advisable to establish a second factory.

"This new venture was placed in charge of officers called vistadores de vegas, who were supposed to superintend the raising of the plant. Abuses of all kinds crept in, and, as is usual, the planters received all the worst of it. The manufacture of snuff was prohibited in Cuba, and soon afterward the government gave the officials authority to burn or destroy whatever part of the tobacco crop they thought unfit for sale. Of course this caused a fictitious value on the product, the price advancing correspondingly as the amount on hand grew less, and often part of the crop which had been condemned was placed on the market and immense profits realized. These abuses so affected the industry that in 1804 tobacco had to be imported from the United States. Virtue is its own reward, however, and the same is probably true of the opposite trait, and the officers were quickly deposed and the factory wiped out of existence. No sooner had this new order of things been initiated and the making of snuff again permitted than the persons engaged in this trade sought to advance their individual welfare by trying to have laws enacted preventing the exportation of tobacco in the leaf. The people had had enough of monopoly, however, and the proposition never became a law."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

His Services.

Gadsooks—I see that old Pompon has just been elected an honorary member of the Literary guild on the score of having "rendered a signal service to literature." Now, what I want to know is how old Pompon has ever rendered any signal service to literature?

Zounds—Why, by not writing anything of course.—New York Tribune.

HIS RAM A VIGOROUS BUTTER.

Why Governor Sibley Lost All Interest In Sheep Raising Schemes.

A party of Minnesotans, several of whom went to the state 30 or 40 years ago, but afterward drifted to Washington, generally to take some position under the government, were discussing old times in their state in The Journal office the other night.

"I suppose there are many people in Minnesota," said one of them, "who remember that the late Governor Sibley lived for many years at Mendota, where he represented, first as agent and subsequently as partner, the old American Fur company, of which Pierre Chouteau of St. Louis was president. Sibley was a mighty hunter and had the finest guns and dogs in the country, which at that time was full of game. He took a notion that he would be the first man to bring into Minnesota what he was pleased to call a flock of sheep and accordingly purchased and had brought up from Galena, Ills., a fine ram and ewe. Governor Sibley was apprehensive that the wolves, which frequented the place at night, might destroy his flock of sheep; but, surprising to relate, the wolves apparently did not know what fine y were and took no notice of them. Time passed, and the ram and ewe browsed about on the slopes until they grew fat and large, but while the ewe was very tame the ram became particularly vicious and dangerous. Governor Sibley and his French-Canadian voyagers whom he kept around him were compelled to keep at their distance.

"One day Mr. Sibley was walking up and down the banks of the Mississippi when he noticed some fine carnelians in the gravel and proceeded to pick them up. While he was scratching about hunting for them he did not perceive that the ram was vegotating in close proximity to him on the slope of the bank, and hence was not on his guard. The ram happened to look up, and seeing a large, dark object bending over on the bank of the stream which he did not clearly understand cautiously descended the slope and took a survey of the situation. Not liking the appearance of this object, his choler began to rise, and approaching within distance he raised on his hind feet, uttered a defiant bah, and before Sibley could appreciate the situation he butted him clear into the river. As he attempted to rise the ram butted him again and continued to butt him until Sibley's cries for help attracted the attention of his servants, and they ran down to the river with sticks and stones and drove the ram off. When Sibley got out, he was wet from head to foot and in a towering passion. No doubt he was pretty well bruised by the attack made upon him. He cried in French:

"'Hippolyte Dupuis, apportez mon fuse. Je veux tuer cet sacre animal!'

"His people expostulated in vain, but finally brought Sibley his gun, which he raised to his shoulder and let his ramship have both barrels, which resulted in the destruction of at least the male part of Sibley's flock of sheep. Sibley gave the ewe away and from that time never took any interest in sheep raising in Minnesota."—Minneapolis Journal.

Preparing the Rhododendron Bed.

The rhododendron, when grown successfully, is one of the most beautiful of all ornamental flowering shrubs, but under unfavorable conditions it is exceedingly disappointing. It frequently occurs that sufficient care and forethought are not given to the preparation of the beds to receive it. The rhododendron possesses numerous small, hairlike fibers—in fact, it has no strong roots to speak of—and these small rootlets require air as well as moisture and nutrition.

To prepare a bed such as the rhododendron will best flourish in dig out the earth to a depth of three or four feet, fill the bottom with stones to afford good drainage and the balance with good top soil, sand and well rotted cow or stable manure, all thoroughly mixed—about one-half soil and one-fourth each of sand and manure. If the soil be partly or wholly sod, it will be all the better with the addition of the sand. After the plants are set in the bed the surface should be covered with from four to six inches of stable manure. This acts as a mulch and serves to keep the roots of the plants cool and moist during the heat of summer and prevents frost penetrating deeply in winter, both of which will result in increasing the health and vigor of the plants. — Meehan's Monthly.

Fashionable Stationery.

The paper most used in social correspondence is white parchment finish, and the preferred sizes are the well known octavo and billet. The envelopes are square, with pointed flaps. Square note sheets with oblong envelopes in tints or colors are simply fads for the moment. Good taste dictates plain white paper and white envelopes for feminine notes. —Ladies' Home Journal.

Fasted Three Years.

A famous Hindoo fasting man has just passed away in India. Some years ago he appeared at Trevandrum and sat down under a banyan tree to spend his time in divine contemplation. At first he ate at long intervals, but the fasts extended till at last he ate nothing for three years. He simply sat huddled before a fire, deaf to all speech and sounds. He was worshiped almost as a god, and when he died was buried with curious ceremonies. A hundred cocoanuts were broken on his skull to make a crack for the soul to escape.—London Graphic.

Easily Answered.

The advanced woman's husband was gazing idly into the window of the secondhand store, where a number of mottoes were displayed. "What Is Home Without a Mother?" he read in letters of green and yellow worsted.

"Hm!" he muttered. "That is easy to answer. My family is most of the time."—Indianapolis Journal.

To Solder Tortoise Shell.

Fit the pieces together exactly and wrap with a piece of paper. Place them between hot pinchers, but not hot enough to burn the shell. Apply pressure and allow them to cool.—New York Telegram.

An Intimation.

She—I would never get married if I had to ask the man.

He—And you mightn't if you did.—Detroit Free Press.

JUDGED UNHEARD.

One frosty night in October Dr. Dudley Keith left his brougham on returning from a professional call and stepped into his club at Piccadilly.

Two men leaned against the writing table by which he hurriedly sat down. The younger—an embro M. D.—owing much of what success he had attained to Dr. Keith, was laughing with his companion, who just then exclaimed:

"You're an awful scoundrel, Joyce!"

"Oh, come, Mountfort! That's a big word. It's only a joke, you know. I have not the least idea who she may be."

"Show it to Keith," said before Joyce could remonstrate, Mountfort, handing a photograph across the table, said:

"Look at that, Keith. Perhaps you know the original? Joyce got it today in answer to a matrimonial humbug. I tell him he is an awful cad."

In silence Dudley Keith devoured every lineament of the grave, sweet face of the girl he had met and loved two months previous, he the guest of Colonel Norton and she the orphan companion of the colonel's nearest neighbor, Mrs. Annesley.

The girl from whom he had parted one month since under the mutual understanding that he would claim an answer to that, as yet, informally spoken question, when he returned, as he meant to do now in a few days' time.

Rising to his feet he confronted the two wondering men:

"You are right," he said, between his teeth. "None but a cad would play such a low, dishonorable game. Sit down," he continued to young Joyce, pointing to the writing materials. "Inclose and return this at once."

And awed by that tone of authority, the shame stricken Joyce did his bidding.

And Dudley Keith drove home to his handsome house in a whirl of anger, scorn and wounded love. He had thought her so pure, so womanly! But she was like all the rest, ready to sell herself—whether in a joke or earnest it mattered nothing.

Half an hour later he flung open his desk and wrote a letter to Colonel Norton, excusing himself from accepting his proffered hospitality for the next week.

* * * * * * *

It is Mrs. Arnold's "at home" five years later. Her gardens are gay with the brilliant colors of nature and of fashion. She herself, the gayest of all, rests a moment from her duties as hostess with her intimate friend, Harry Joyce, now a qualified M. D.

"I am surprised to see Keith here," he was saying. "He is such a recluse and a veritable misogynist as well."

"Really! Nevertheless I once knew him to pay very marked attention to the companion of an aunt of mine, but he failed unaccountably to put in an appearance when expected."

"You don't say so. I should never have suspected Keith guilty of a flirtation. I recollect some years ago he gave me the greatest taking down I ever had in my life in connection with an unknown lady." And Harry Joyce related the episode of the photograph.

"What was it like?" Mrs. Arnold gasped, as she paled with fear before a sudden thought.

"Oh, an awfully nice looking girl, in white, holding a violin. Why? What's the matter?"

"Oh, what shall I do?" faintly articulated Mrs. Arnold. "It was I sent it. I never thought of harm."

And hastily she told how, to enliven the dullness of a country visit, she had taken from her aunt's album the photograph of her companion and posted it in reply to an advertisement.

"Just in fun, you know. I only wanted to see what answer I would get, but none came. The photograph was returned at once, without even one line, as, of course, you know. Oh, what can I do?"

"It's awfully awkward," muttered Harry Joyce, but of course you must give a square account of the thing; there's no doubt of that."

"You mean—tell Dr. Keith? Oh! Must I?"

"That's it, I'm afraid. You see, it looks as if it had worked mischief. Of course Keith concluded the girl had sent it herself, and the fellow's awfully changed since."

In a quiet glade, apart from her other guests, Mrs. Arnold made her confession, nerved to the task by the keen sting of genuine remorse.

At last he broke the silence.

"Be so kind as to give me Miss Warren's address—you mentioned that you knew it."

"Dr. Smith's private hospital, Harley street. She is lady superintendent there. She left my aunt, Mrs. Annesley, four years ago," faltered Mrs. Arnold.

In the lady superintendent's private room at the hospital, one hand resting on the table with unconscious force, Dr. Dudley Keith stands. He has desired the page to announce him only as "a gentleman wishing to see Miss Warren."

With tremendous effort he held himself perfectly still as she quickly entered and lifted her dark eyes inquiringly to his.

A breathless silence. One low cry, then, grasping the back of a chair, she stood as rigidly upright as he. He drew back a step and extended his arms. "I will not ask you," in low husky tones he said, "so much as to touch my hand in formal greeting until I have spoken. It will be for you then to pronounce my doom, but speak I will, and answer me you must."

And in short, deliberate sentences, which could not disguise the passionate eloquence, he told his story. Then he waited.

Only for one brief moment. Then, with trembling steps, but the radiant light of a great gladness on her beautiful face, she crossed the room and fell with a shuddering sob on his breast, felt his strong arms close around her with the quick rapture of possession, heard his voice in broken accents whisper in her ear:

"My darling, at last!"—Forget-Me-Not.

An Aristocracy of Brains Pins Cash.

An aristocracy of brains—that is to say, an aristocracy composed of individuals successful and prominent in their several callings—seems to be the logical sequence of our institutions under present social and industrial conditions. The only aristocracy which can exist in a democracy is one of honorable success evidenced by wealth or a handsome income, but the character of such an aristocracy will depend on the ambitions and tastes of the nation. The inevitable economic law of supply and demand governs here as elsewhere and will govern until such a time as society may be reconstructed on an entirely new basis. Only the leaders in any vocation can hope to grow rich, but in proportion as the demands of the nation for what is best increase will the type and characteristics of these leaders improve. The doing away with inherited orders of nobility and deliberate, patented class distinctions gives the entire field to wealth. —Robert Grant in Scribner's.

Teaching Washing.

It has come to be a recognized principle that whatever is worth doing at all is worth doing well. Specialists and trained workers are crowding out amateurs everywhere. Schools have been opened for training in every department of labor, and the standard of work has gone up correspondingly. In connection with the School of Domestic Economy in Edinburgh there is a full laundry course consisting of 40 lessons—four courses of ten lessons each, each lesson being two hours long. The work is taught in two ways—by demonstration and by practice. In a "demonstration lesson" the teacher does the work, explaining and instructing as she goes on. The pupils have note books, as at a lecture in Greek history or a demonstration in physics. At the "practice lesson" the pupil does the work, the teacher overseeing and lending a hand when necessary. Many pupils come for special lessons in fine ironing, lace washing, etc.—Exchange.

A Point Gained In Maine.

Woman suffrage has made a point in Maine. The right of women to vote in parish meetings of the Episcopal church in that state was granted at the diocesan convention, held in Portland a few weeks ago, by a vote of 16 to 14. The right to hold office in the church is still withheld.

Her Discovery Will Pay.

A woman in Maryland has discovered a means of preserving tomatoes whole, and with a strong semblance to their original freshness. A firm of dealers has made a contract with her to take her entire output for ten years at $1,200 a year.

Anasaguntlcook Superstition.

The native Anasaguntlcook Indians were of the opinion that Mudji Manitou, or the smoky or black god, the great evil spirit, had his habitation under the water at the entrance of Jackmungaw cove, Lake Cobbosseecontee. This belief was due to the fact that the outward current here meets the winds and waves from the lake, thus making an almost continual though not violent disturbance. Before going to battle or trying to pass out through this entrance to Lake Cobbosseecontee it was the habit of the Anasaguntlcooks in order to propitiate the great black spirit to drop into the disturbed water kettles of choice meat, plugs of tobacco, pipes and sacks of spiced wild rice.

To the various articles they tied large stones in order to sink them down to the bottom, where the great spirit was supposed to be forever hungering and thirsting and troubling the waters. They believed that while the old devil was busy eating and smoking they could pass in and out in safety. In hard times, such as these have been, when meat and tobacco were not plentiful, rendering the giving of great presents to Mudji Manitou difficult or impossible, the superstitious Anasaguntlcooks were in the habit of making a portage at a narrow place across Chandler's point.—Lewiston Journal.

How the Gas Bills Are Made Out.

Householder (ironically, as he pays his bill)—I suppose you just guess how much gas people use and charge accordingly.

Collector—No, indeed, sir. These bills are all carefully calculated from the last census returns.

Householder—What have the census returns to do with it?

Collector—They tell how many grownup daughters you have.—Brooklyn Life.

The Modest Maid.

Mistress—You have always been so careful, Mary, that I can't understand how you happened to break that vase this morning.

Maid—Well, you see, mem, I never have broke nothing, and I was afraid you would be thinking that I might want to get above my station.—Detroit Free Press.

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my 26 1m

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R. T. STYLL, M. D., Ph. G., Resident Physician. June 2 tf

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J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
June 8 1m

W., C. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

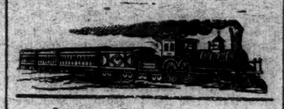
NORTH BOUND			STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
6	8			5	7
A M	P M		—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 35	Lv..	Mulberry street ..Ar	7 09	12 35
7 15		Lv....	Surry street ..Ar	6 50	A M
10 43	3 47	Lv..	Jacksonville Lv	4 30	10 48
11 32	4 30	Lv..	Maysville.....Lv	3 35	10 09
11 43	4 39	Lv..	Pollocksville.....Lv	3 26	9 58
12 25	5 10	Ar..	Newbern.....Lv	2 56	9 30
	6 37	Ar—	Morehead City— Lv		8 07
P M	P M			P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9.30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JULY 5, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.38 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.58 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.37 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.ff a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m. St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.20 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.18 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 2.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 8.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 58—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 8.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.48 a m; Athins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.39 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive. Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.30 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m.

Traiason South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7.30 p m, Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7 38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 19 a m, Rowland 9.31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Dunbar 7 50 p m, returning leave Dunbar 6 30 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.30 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.30 p m, arrive Hub 6.50 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 7.50 p m, Hartsville 8.45 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 3.00 p m, Cheraw 5.42 p m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, Darlington 8.05 p m, 4.30 p m. 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.50 p m, Manning 6.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m., Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m., Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 3.03 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.58 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 31, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Galveston 1,659,314 bales, New Orleans 583,498, Mobile 351,117, Savannah 944,249, Charleston 427,753, Wilmington 284,548, Norfolk 470,358, Baltimore 118,893, New York 187,947, Boston 835,453, Newport News 33,630, Philadelphia 127,149, West Point 286,214, Brunswick 108,344, Velasco 592, Port Royal 159,144. Total 7,923 400 bales.

The *Sun* says: Cotton at one time was four to six points higher, but subsequently lost this and declined fourteen to fifteen points, then rallied, and closed at a net decline of five to seven points, with sales for the day of 416,600 bales, ending barely steady. Liverpool advanced 3-32d on the spot, with sales of 16,000 bales; futures advanced five to five and a half points, and then reacted, and closed at a net rise of three points. In Manchester yarns were dearer, but quiet; cloths were dull. Spot cotton was steady and unchanged here, but was weak in New Orlea s, though prices there were without quotable change. Port receipts to-day were 3,034 bales, against 369 bales this day last week and 6 887 bales last year; total for the week 6,837 bales, against 2,447 bales last week and 24 794 bales last year. Spot sales at New York were 702 bales for spinning and 1,200 bales were delivered on contract. Middling uplands here 8 3-16c. Interior receipts for the week 8,342 bales, against 5,605 bales last week and 29,278 last year; shipments estimated at 9,500 bales, against 8,095 last week and 29,256 bales last year; stock 34,400 bales, against 34,708 bales a week ago, and 55,224 bales last year. Considerable rain fell in Southern Texas, where rain is needed.

To-day's features: Rains in Texas, some action in Liverpool and heavy liquidation caused a break in prices, but before the close there was a rally also, and the net decline was quite moderate. The receipts at the ports were larger than had been expected, but it was reported that the Galveston *News* is to issue a statement to the effect that the Texas crop has been damaged 50 per cent. and there was heavy local buying on this statement. Furthermore, there was considerable buying by those who have been waiting for a break in order to take hold on the bull side. Some looked for a further reaction, who nevertheless believe that considerably higher prices will be reached this fall. The spot markets were rising; Liverpool was very active; Manchester was strong; cotton goods were in brisk demand, and many believe that the crop is going to be very much smaller than that of last year.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

December Wheat Closed Lower—Cash Wheat Firm and Higher—Corn and Oats Unchanged—Pork Products Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 30.—The improvement in wheat continued this morning, and if anything was more pronounced than yesterday, but the stronger feeling did not last, and before the session closed the advance was completely lost. December wheat opened at 63⅝ to 63¾c, sold between 64¾ and 63¼c, closing at 63¼ to 63⅝—⅜ to ½c under yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and ½c per bushel higher.

May corn opened at 31c.; sold between 31⅛ and 30⅞ to 31c, closing at 31 cents—unchanged from yesterday. Cash corn was steady and prices unchanged.

May oats closed ⅜ to ½c. lower than yesterday. Cash oats were steady and prices unchanged.

Provisions early were dull but steady, in sympathy with the strength in grain. Later prices advanced on good covering by shorts. Changing from September to later months continues to be the principal business transacted. At the close September pork was unchanged and ran 12½c. higher. September and January lard were 5 to 7½c. higher; September ribs 5 to 7½c. higher, and January 2½c. higher. Domestic markets were quiet and comparatively steady.

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn 5; Louisville 6.
New York—New York 11; Cincinnati 4.
Boston—Boston 4; Cleveland 8.
Philadelphia—Philadelphia 8; Chicago 6.
Baltimore—Baltimore 8; Pittsburg 1.
Second game—Baltimore 10, Pittsburg 0.
Washington—Washington 5; St. Louis 6.
Second game—Washington 4; St. Louis 5.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1895	1894
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week..	6,837	24,794
Total receipts to this date.....	7,923,400	5,885,961
Exports for the week	4,903	4,833
Total exports to this date.....	6,641,782	5,180,891
Stock in all United States ports.....	287,856	188,762
Stock at all interior towns.....	8,973	12,849
Stock in Liverpool..1,229,000		1,032,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	12,000	17,000

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

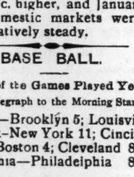
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 27½@28c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 50@1 55.

CHARLESTON, August 30.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24¾c; receipts 36 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 05@1 15; receipts 314 barrels.

SAVANNAH, August 30.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; sales — casks; receipts 1,160 casks. Rosin was steady and unchanged; sales 3,000 barrels.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,
106 Wall Street, N. Y.

BUSINESS IMPROVING.

STRIKING INCREASE IN THE VOLUME OF TRADE.

The Autumn Demand Making Itself Felt, With Prospect for Further Improvement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Bradstreet's to morrow will say: The concluding week of August surprises even the more optimistic with a striking increase in the volume of business with jobbers in staple lines at such centres as New York, Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, St Louis, Kansas City, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and to a more moderate extent at distributing points in the South Atlantic and Gulf States, among them Charleston, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Savannah, Jacksonville, Birmingham and Dallas. In dry goods, millinery, shoes, hats, clothing and groceries, the Autumn demand is making itself felt, with the prospect for a further improvement in immediately succeeding weeks.

This situation is encouraged by the practical certainty of an unprecedentedly large crop of Indiana corn and phenomenal harvest of wheat in the Northwest, as well as by the unexpected upward bound of prices of steel and iron, followed by a corresponding gain in demand. The gain in quotations for steel and iron is one of the sharpest within a week on record, and following, as it does, an advance of about 50 per cent. from lowest levels reached in 1893-'94, is enough to raise the question of whether a veritable boom is impending in these metals. A jump of nearly $3 per ton for Bessemer pig within a year, $1.50 for billets, $1 for charcoal pig, and Western mills refusing to take orders for future delivery except at value, render these industries excited. All forms of finished iron and steel will tend upward in price.

The total volume of general trade for the Summer has been larger than in 1894 and in many instances than in 1893, with the outlook to-day for even a better Fall demand than many had anticipated. The upward and onward impulse of this week is noticeable. All Winter lines of goods have felt an improved request, and manufacturers and jobbers in dry goods, hardware and groceries announce the receipts of many orders for September delivery. Even in Texas, where in the south the State has suffered from drougth and in the north from continued rains, and where the cotton crop is to be short in consequence, country merchants report a better feeling in all lines and a fair demand from wholesalers.

The general course of prices has been indicated with reference to the leading metals, and higher prices for cotton stimulate advances in quotations for ginghams and prints. Wool is firmly held, largely owing to the strength of the London market.

MINISTER RANSOM'S SALARY

Cannot be Paid Until His Appointment is Confirmed by the Senate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—Ill luck seems to be the lot of U. S. Minister Ransom, one trouble following close upon the other. Now, Mr. Willie, acting Auditor of the Treasury for the State Department, has decided that Mr. Ransom's salary as Minister to Mexico cannot be paid until he is confirmed by the Senate. He based his decision upon the law which reads:

"Section 1761. No money shall be paid from the Treasury, as salary, to any person appointed during the recess of the Senate to fill a vacancy in any existing office, if the vacancy existed while the Senate was in session and was by law required to be filled by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, until such appointee has been confirmed by the Senate."

The question of allowing him expenses, etc., has not yet been taken up. It is said that Minister Ransom himself raised the point whether he could be paid prior to confirmation, as he wanted to know exactly where he stood before he departed for Mexico, that he might make the necessary financial arrangements for his maintenance. Congress will have to provide for his salary between July 1, the date it was held up, and the date when he may be confirmed.

Minister Ransom had a long conference with Secretary Lamont to-day, presumably in connection with the question of the use of the water of the Rio Grande river, over which there has been disputes at various times. Mr. Ransom will leave for his home in North Carolina to-night and will go to Mexico shortly afterwards.

A BAD ACCIDENT.

Excursion Train on the Georgia Central Wrecked—Two Passengers Killed and Seven Others Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ATLANTA, August 30.—An excursion train on the Georgia Central road, consisting of nine cars, filled with Macon Knights of Pythias and their friends, was wrecked at Pope's Ferry, twelve miles from Macon. The engine left the track, four of the cars followed, and the three front ones went down an embankment of about eight feet. Mrs. C. W. Hancock, of Americus, Ga., wa seated in the coach immediately in rear of the baggage car. When found she was wedged between two seats and died shortly after arriving at Macon. Mr. James Kennedy, of Macon, was killed outright, the car rolling on him. These are the only fatalities reported, but it is thought several of the injured will die. The list of the killed and injured is as follows:

Dead—James Kennedy, of Macon; Mrs. C. W. Hancock, of Americus.

Injured—Mrs. G. T. Clancey, hurt internally and about the head; Mr. Harrington, seriously injured; M. R. Sawcett, injured internally; Mr. Carson, slightly injured; Miss L. Doyles, leg and arm broken; Billy Guma, internally injured; Mrs. D. R. Ranno, internally injured; John Gant, shoulder broken.

SUICIDE OR MURDER.

A Merchant of Atlanta Found Dead in an Alley.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., August 30.—B. A. Bass, a commission merchant, was shot at 4.20 o'clock this morning in the rear of the Grand Theatre. There is some doubt whether it was suicide or murder, but the detectives working on the case think it was suicide. The body was found in a ditch in an alley, which was back of the Aragon Hotel. Bass left his home at 4.15 o'clock to go to his store. It is supposed that he started through the alley because it was a nearer route. Two policemen who were near heard the pistol shot, but did not see any one run away. Bass told his son and some friends yesterday that his life had been threatened. He was to be tried himself to-morrow for receiving stolen goods. There are two theories—one that he shot himself to escape the trial, and another is that he was shot by some one implicated in the stealing. Bass died this afternoon. He was married and had four children.

To Cleanse the System.

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

ALL HAIL DEFENDER!

WILL RACE VALKYRIE III FOR AMERICA'S CUP.

Beat the Vigilant in the Third of the Trial Races by Five Minutes and Twelve Seconds.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—All hail Defender! The gallant white sloop won the third trial race to-day, and was formally selected to defend the America's cup—"The blue ribbon of the sea."

In a thrash to windward of ten miles and a run home with spinnakers and balloons set, the Hereschoff keel-boat beat the Vigilant handsomely and could have beaten her a minute more had she been pushed to her utmost. A rattling breeze and a rough sea made the test of the abilities of the new boat one of the best that has been afforded. Yachting sharps, who saw her, said that she would do. She removed all doubts as to her ability to go through a head sea in a blow. She established a record as a weather boat, and her heavier mast and stouter rig did good service. The keel-boat outpointed the centreboarder and outfooted her in the windward work. She showed herself stiffer in a breeze and easier in getting through rough water. She made less fuss and left a clean wake.

At the outer mark she had five minutes and 27 seconds the best of it.

On the run home before the wind, however, the Vigilant picked up 15 seconds of the time she had lost.

The Defender won by five minutes and 12 seconds elapsed time over the twenty mile course.

After the race the following announcement was made by the Cup Committee: "The America's Cup Committee have selected the yacht Defender, of the New York Yacht Club, as against Valkyrie III, in the contest for the America's cup."

Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie was out for a practice spin and to give his Lordship an opportunity to see the race. The cup hunter was too late in getting under way and arrived only in time to see the finish. Less sail was carried by the Englishman, a working topsail being used instead of the club topsails of the American boats, but he seemed to heel over more and to labor harder in the sea than even the blunt nosed Vigilant. Lord Dunraven gave the racers a wide berth and seemed to avoid allowing any one a chance to get a line on the speed of his boat compared with the Yankee flyers.

The tug Luckenback, with the Regatta Committee and the America's Cup Committee, arrived outside at 10.45 a. m., and signalled that the start would be from the Scotland Lightship and the course No. 1—a beat of ten miles to windward and return. The course directions were east by south or right into the eye of the wind.

The outer mark was off Far Rockaway beach and well out at sea. The yachts had plenty of room to jockey for positions at the start. The Defender, by clever work, got the best of it. When the preparatory signal was set at 11 a. m. the Defender was close to the lightship and the Vigilant was cruising to the westward of the fleet of tugs and steamers which circled around the line between the committee boat and Luckenback and the lightship. The Defender started in pursuit of her rival and when the latter went about and headed for the line the Defender swung about as if on a pivot and led the way. Both were on the starboard tack. The Vigilant was to the windward of the new boat, as Capt. Barr shook out a baby jib topsail to help him crowd the other boat out of the best position at the start. He drew up on the Defender and lapped her. Both were crowding in so close on the committee boat that there seemed danger of a collision, but Capt. Barr, finding it impossible to pass the Defender, wore away and the new syndicate boat rushed over the line eight seconds after the starting signal was made. The official time of the two boats was: Defender 11.10.08; Vigilant 15.10.18.

The Defender never showed to better advantage. She was in the pink of perfection and well handled. The two yachts held the starboard tack for four minutes after the start, and then went about together at 11.14, the Defender having four lengths to the good. On the tack in towards the Jersey shore the Defender doubled the gap. The wind had dropped a couple of knots, but it was all the same to the new boat. When the two went on the starboard tack at 11.39 the Defender was well to windward. The breeze freshened as the boats stood off shore, and at 12 o'clock the Defender was three-quarters of a mile ahead.

Just after the start Valkyrie was seen tacking out from the Hook. She stood up well in the fresh breeze and bowled along at a good gait, but poked her long nose into the billows in a way that neither of the Yankee boats did. She did not reach the Scotland lightship until the racers were nearing the outer mark ten miles away.

At 12.27 the Defender, well out toward the turn, went on the starboard tack for three minutes, while the Vigilant hung on to the port tack. Captain Barr had taken in his jib topsail and the Vigilant was pointing better and footing nearly as fast. The Defender made a series of short tacks, and jibed about the mark at 12.47.35. The boom went over to port and a spinnaker blossomed out to starboard three minutes after the turn. A balloon jib topsail was broken out, and with the wind dead astern the handsome white yacht, with her cloud of canvass, bowled along on the run back to the lightship.

The Vigilant rounded at 12.53.02. Her spinnaker was broken out to starboard and a balloon jib top sail set inside of three minutes.

The wind dropped on the home run, and while the yachts slipped through the water at a good pace there was less life in them than in the earlier part of the race.

The Vigilant, with her usual cleverness, held her rival down the wind, and with one or two puffs of wind aiding her she managed to make a slight gain. When within two miles of the finish the Valkyrie, which had been beating out to meet the racers, eased off and ran home ahead of them, waiting near the line to see the finish.

The finish was—Defender, 2.02.18; Vigilant, 2.07.49. Elapsed time—Defender, 2.52.10; Vigilant, 2.57.22.

FREIGHT TRAINS WRECKED

On the Southern Railway—Engineers and Firemen Seriously Hurt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., August 30.—A wreck occurred on the Southern Railway at 2 p. m., caused by two freight trains colliding. Several cars were thrown down an embankment, and it is said that the engineers and firemen of both trains, who reside in Alexandria, were seriously hurt. Travel on the Southern Railway, north and south, is blocked. Trains move over the Pennsylvania track. Damage estimated at $12,000.

A New York dispatch says the Southern railroad men did not confer at Hotel Waldorf yesterday, as was expected.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

Li Hung Chang Appointed Imperial Chancellor—Spanish Troops En Route to Cuba—German-American Veterans Visit Prince Bismarck.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 30.—An imperial decree has been issued commanding Li Hung Chang to proceed to Pekin in the capacity of Imperial Chancellor. Wang Wen Shao will succeed Li Hung Chang as Viceroy of Pechila.

MADRID, Aug. 30.—Several battalions of troops left Cadiz and Valencia yesterday to reinforce the Spanish army in Cuba. The final contingent of troops will leave for Cuba to-day. The report which has been in circulation that the Minister of Marine has called out the reserves is denied in official circles. Gen. Salcedo, who recently returned from Cuba, repeated in an interview the statement he made upon his arrival here, that it was absolutely necessary that a large body of troops should be sent to reinforce the army in Cuba.

FRIEDERICHSRUHE, August 30.—Thirty-six German-American veterans, accompanied by twelve ladies and several children, arrived at Friederichsruhe this afternoon. The veterans carried two banners and the entire party marched to the Castle gate. At noon Chief Ranger Lange came out and escorted the four veterans who had been selected to see Prince Bismarck into the presence of the ex-Chancellor. The veterans selected were Herren Schleuker, Schneider, Kalbitz and Jogert. They took luncheon with the Prince, who, wearing a long coat and slouch hat, welcomed them as they entered the castle and led them into a room. The Prince chatted animatedly with his visitors, and said it was a particular pleasure and gratification to him to find that his efforts had been so appreciated and remembered thousands of miles from the Fatherland and by citizens of a foreign State He thanked them especially for making such a long and trying journey to see him. He could not make such a journey, he was getting too old. As he said this the ex-Chancellor's eyes filled with tears, which he hastily dashed away.

MACON & NORTHERN

Will Soon Be in the Georgia Central System.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, MD., Aug. 30.—The Macon & Northern Railroad Company will soon become a part of the system to be known as the Central (of Georgia) Railway Company. The decision was reached at a meeting of the Macon & Northern bondholders at the office of the Baltimore Trust and Guarantee Co. The proposition to take the road into the Georgia Central reorganization scheme was unanimously adopted. The new company will also become the owner of and take over the railroads and securities now owned by the Central Railroad and Banking Company of Georgia. The contract for the Macon & Northern provides that the purchasers shall pay off the tripartite bonds, the floating debt, the indebtedness of the receivers, the underlying liens and counsel fees. Upon the delivery of the deed the Mercantile Trust Company of New York, as agents for the new company, is to deliver to Alexander Brown & Sons, agents for the Macon & Northern bondholders, $840,000 first mortgage divisional bonds, $660,000 first preference income bonds and $770,000 second preference income bonds. These bonds, aggregating $2,270,000, will bear interest at 5 per cent. The present issue of Macon & Northern bonds amount to $2,200,000, bearing interest at 4½ per cent.

THE BOND SYNDICATE

Will Not Permit the Treasury Gold Reserve to Fall Below the Limit.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—It is generally recognized here in official circles that the Belmont-Morgan bond syndicate will not permit the Treasury gold reserve to fall below the $100,000,000 mark. Four times they have come to the rescue when such a result would have followed constant drains on the reserve for export to Europe.

To-day at the last moment the syndicate deposited $1,000,000 in gold in exchange for legal tenders without which the gold reserve would have dropped below the limit. At 2.20 o'clock this afternoon Assistant Treasurer Jordan, at New York, telegraphed that $2,250,000 in gold had been withdrawn for export to Europe. This reduced the Treasury gold reserve to $99,456,684. At 3.35 o'clock a telegram from Mr. Jordan announced that the syndicate had deposited $1,000,000 in gold, which raised the Treasury gold to $100,456,084. So far the syndicate has deposited in excess of the gold required for its $62,800,000 in bonds, nearly $10,000,000 to keep the reserve intact.

DECAPITATED

Railroad Fireman Killed in a Peculiar Manner.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

PITTSBURG, Aug. 30.—David Allison, fireman on the Pennsylvania Railroad engine No. 1313, was killed yesterday in a peculiar manner at Millwood coal tipple. The heavy iron apron of the tipple was lowered just as the fast running engine shot under it. The cab of the engine was torn completely off. Allison was standing on the footboard of the tender. His head was cut completely off and fell into a gondola car, while his body was left standing on the engine tender. The engineer escaped by jumping. It is reported that the tipple tender has been arrested by Westmoreland county authorities, and will be held pending an investigation. Allison was 25 years old and resides with his family at Derry.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

A Board of Officers to Examine Port Royal Dry Dock.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—Acting Secretary McAdoo to-day appointed a board of officers consisting of Capt. McCormack, Civil Engineer A. G. Menocal and Civil Engineer Wolcott, to make examinations of the recently completed Government dry dock at Port Royal, S. C., which another board advised the Navy Department not to accept from the constructor in its present condition. The board appointed to-day is directed to examine the dock with a view to determining what the necessary repairs will cost, and how much of the amount needed the constructor should be obliged to pay.

A DYNAMITE BOMB

Sent to the Sheriff of Middlesex County, N. J.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

BRUNSWICK, N. J., August 30.—An attempt to kill Sheriff Zerviss and possibly blow up the Middlesex county jail was made at noon to-day. The Sheriff received a brass cylinder in a jewelry box to-day. On opening the box and finding the tube, he had his deputy to place it on the ground outside his office. A Rutgers College chemist was summoned and pronounced the thing a dynamite bomb of crude construction, but of force sufficient to kill or blow out the walls of the Sheriff's office. It is believed that the bomb was sent by friends of David Barry, who is in jail for arson.

CUBAN FILIBUSTERS.

A Party of Twenty Arrested by U. S. Marshals in New Jersey and Taken to Wilmington, Delaware.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, August 30.—This afternoon U. S. Marshal Lannan, of Delaware, with a posse of Wilmington policemen and two Pinkerton detectives, left this city on the tugboat Metor and landed at Penn's Grove, N. J., where they arrested twenty Cubans, who had been taken there from this city last night on the tugboat Taurus. The men had with them travelling bags and a supply of ammunition, pistols and machetes. The weapons, excepting the pistols, were found on the deck of the tug, but the men had gone up into the town, where they were captured. Most of them were at the railroad station, and the officers believing there would be resistance, drew their pistols and held the men up. There was no resistance, and the men and their baggage were brought to this city and taken to the U. S. building. They are a fine-looking body of men, well dressed and with intelligent faces. They will not talk, but they are said to be from New York and Philadelphia, and were going to Cuba to act as officers for the insurgents.

Acting United States Commissioner S. A. McAlister informed the prisoners that they were charged with having set on foot, provided and prepared for a military expedition or enterprise to be carried on against the Kingdom of Spain, and of the United States and the proclamation of the President, etc. The men were informed that they would be given a hearing at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, and in default of $500 bail would be delivered into the custody of the United States marshal. No further action was taken, and the friends of the prisoners in this city are now endeavoring to obtain counsel to defend them at the hearing.

Yesterday several detectives came to this city with information that the men were to leave here and be taken to a steamer in the river. The party, however, got away and all this morning there were telegrams being sent between here and Philadelphia on the subject. The revenue cutter Hamilton arrived here shortly after Marshal Lannan had brought in his prisoners. Capt. Blake of the cutter informed the marshal that he was here to co-operate with the Delaware officers and was at their command. The penalty for the offence is not more than three years imprisonment and not more than $3,000 fine or both.

The prisoners take their arrest coolly and will not talk on the subject. The leader is said to have escaped.

This is the first arrest of filibusters made since the trouble in Cuba, and it has been anticipated for some time as it was believed that men had been leaving Philadelphia and the vicinity. The scheme for the party captured to-day is said to have been that a fruiter was to meet them at Penns Grove and take them on their way. Why they went to New Jersey and waited there for twenty-four hours is not known.

WHISKEY DISTILLERS

Form an Association Independent of the Trust.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—The distillers, independent of the recognized Whiskey Trust, met to-day in this city and formed an association to be known as the Independent Distillers' Protective Association, for mutual protection. The object of the organization is not to raise prices, but to furnish the trade at the lowest cost of production, and to retain its goodwill. Among the companies represented at the meeting were the Atlas Distributing Co., of Peoria, Ill.; the American Distributing Co., of Pekin, Ill., and the American Distributing Co. proper, of this city, which controls several distilleries.

FERTILIZER ASSOCIATION.

Adjournment of the Convention at Asheville.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, August 30.—Despite the expectations of the delegates to the Convention of the Southern Fertilizer Association, the business was not concluded last night, and the meeting was continued till 1 o'clock this morning and then the body seemed little nearer conclusion than before. Long sessions have been held to-day, however, and by to-night the members had gotten together and most of the business was finished. A number of the delegates have left, but these, it is understood, will endorse the action of the remaining members.

REPORT DENIED

That Ex-Postmaster General Bissell Had Been Offered a Position on the Supreme Court Bench.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS., Aug. 30.—Ex-Postmaster General Bissell, who is spending a few days with his family at Marion, was seen this afternoon by a reporter, while Mr. Bissell was on his way to Gray Gables to call on the President and Mrs. Cleveland. In referring to the published statements from Buffalo that the President had offered him the vacant position on the Supreme Court bench, Mr. Bissell said that there was nothing whatever in the report.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Examinations soon for Internal Revenue, Customs and Railway Mail Services, Government Printing Office, &c. Thousands of new positions. Latest information free. National Correspondence Institute, Washington, D. C. aug 31 1t*

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties. aug 29 tf

Pears—15 barrels more just received, suitable for preserving, etc. Groceries sold at lowest prices Neill McKinnon, Wilmington, N. C. c21

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating. Trade secrets, formulas, receipts, etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co., Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. aug 27 tf

For Rent—That desirable Dwelling on South Fifth street, between Dock and Orange. All modern improvements. At present occupied by Mr. A. H. Holmes. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D'Connor, Real Estate Agent. aug 21 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

A new drink. Trilby Cocktails at the French Cafe. Also all kinds Liquors, Cigars and fancy drinks served. A. P. Levy, Proprietor.

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

No. 111 Market Street,

are now making preparation for their

Magnificent Stock

—OF—

Fall and Winter Goods.

Their store has been altered, enlarged and greatly improved and many

NEW GOODS

are now in store.

Agency for Dr. Jaegers'

Sanitary Underwear

—AND—

IMPERIAL PAPER PATTERNS.

We cordially invite the public to call on us.

JOHNSON & FORE.

aug 25 tf

A War is Imminent in the South.

A Royal Feast the Bakers had,
And toasts were spoken faster, louder,
Till all by one consent hurrahed
For Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

"P. Cox" spread his spangled tail
"Good-luck" his horse-shoe hung on high,
"One Spoon" dipped in his little pail,
While "Sea-Foam's praise was sung too high,
Old "Horseford" trotted in his horse,
"Patapsco" tapped his big drum louder,
While "Royal" bad to bow, of course,
To Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

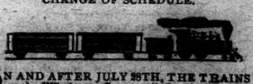
Sold at wholesale by Dozier & Lee, and by the retail trade generally. Weight one pound, and quality guaranteed, and a silver spoon given away with each box for 10 cents.

Hey diddle, diddle, the cat and the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon,
And while in the air, a notion quite queer,
Occurred to her cowship, and soon,
While she was descending, the eagle ascending,
His feathers a shining like silk,
She said Mr. Bird, who has ever heard
Of an eagle bird giving good milk?
Upon him she pounced, his eagleship flounced,
But she kicked the poor bird without mercy,
And made him admit that he hadn't the grit
To keep up a fight with the Jersey.

Jersey Milk beats Eagle Brand and is sold for just one half the price by Dozier & Lee. Try it and if not satisfied return it and get your money back. 10c per can. aug 18 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



ON AND AFTER JULY 28TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 3.00, 5 00 and 7.15 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11 00 a. m., 4.00, 6.00 and 9.30 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m., and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 6.30 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT,
aug 8 tf Acting Superintendent.

WORTH

Reading!

DO YOU

imagine a good thing when you see it?

Of course you do! And we are not going to dispute the assertion.

Important

Bulletin!

consider that $40,000 in Dry Goods are being sacrificed by KATZ & POLVOGT on account of removal sale?

LIMITED!

Don't You

postpone buying, but call at once at 116 Market Street and see the great reductions made.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 116 Market St.

aug 12 tf,

For Lady Bicyclers.

We have just received a handsome lot of

Canvas Leggings

in Pearl and Tan colors for Ladies.

Something New

and what every lady who has a Bicycle should have.

Price 75 Cents.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

aug 25 tf

Everybody Who Wears

SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

Must Be Sold

By September 5th.

What I have left, in the way of

DryGoods

must be sold by the 5th of September, and in order to do this I offer you these goods for less than you can buy them elsewhere, and some of them for a great deal less than they cost me:

Dr. Warner's Health Corsets for 90c, regular price $1.25 each.
Dr. Warner's Health Corsets, old price $1, now 75c each.
The Royal Worcester Corsets, price $1, now 77c each.
Royal Worcester Corsets in the 50c grade, for 37½c each.
One lot of 50c black Corsets at 20c each.
Chemisettes, regular price 25c each, now down to 10c, and they are all new styles.
One lot of Face Veiling at 8c and 10c a yard, the old price was 12½c to 20c a yard.
Skirt Canvas, all linen, 8c a yard, regular price is from 12½c to 15c per yard.
Ladies' Belts, old price 10c, new price 5c each.
One lot of Winter Flannel Dress Goods, regular price from 50c to 60c a yard, now 25c.
One lot of colored Table Covers at 25c each, regular price, 60c.
Dress Shields at 5c up, real value from 10c to 15c up.
Dress Braid from 1c a yard to 10c, the old price is 5c to 25c up.
Spool Silk of the best grade for 5c a spool.
Coats' Spool Cotton at 3c. Clark's Spool Cotton at 5 cents.
Ladies' Hose (red) at 8c a pair.
Children's Hose (striped) at 2c a pair.
Hooks and Eyes 1c a paper.
Colored linen Cash at 6c a yard, regular price 10c.
One lot of Lace from ½c to 1½c a yard, the old price was from 5c to 25c.
Silk Ball Knitting at 10c each, regular price everywhere 25c.
One lot of Hand Bags at 15c each, regular price 25c to 50c. Black Dress Goods, Silk Warp Henrietta, 46 inches wide, price now 60c a yard, old price $1.
One piece of Black Camel Hair Serge, 44 inches, at 50c a yard.
Bleach Table Linen, round thread, of extra good value, 68 inches wide, and sold for $1.15 a yard, at 62c a yard.
Lace Curtains at 50c a pair, regular price 75c, $1 and $1.25.
One piece of red Table Cloth, now 33⅓c a yard was 50c a yard.
Trunks at cost for cash.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St,
aug 25 tf

Schools and Colleges.

122 and 124 W. Franklin St., BALTIMORE, MD.

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

for Young Ladies will reopen Thursday, September 18th, 33d year.

jy 20 2m* MRS. H. P. LEFEBVRE, sa we Principal

NORTH CAROLINA College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

The next session of this College will begin September 5th. Examinations at county seats first Saturday in August. Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to

A. Q HOLLADAY, Pres.,
july 11 tf Raleigh, N. C.

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA,

Charlottesville, Va.

Elective courses leading to the B. S degree in Civil, Mining, or Mechanical Engineering, Chemistry, Natural History, and so on. Well equipped laboratories of Physics, Mechanics, Chemistry and Biology; Astronomical Observatory, Natural History Museum. For catalogues, address

WM. M. THORNTON, LL. D.,
aug 20 13t tu th sa Chairman.

PEACE

Institute for Young Ladies

RALEIGH, N. C.

It is the best. Board, tuition, one music and two hours practice for $175 a year.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
je 22 3m

St. Mary's School For Girls,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 19, 1895. Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.

Address the Rector,

Rev. B. SMEDES, A. M.
july 6 2m

NORTH CAROLINA
NEW HANOVER COUNTY } Superior Court.

Ida S. Roberts
vs.
Al Roberts.

This is an action brought by the plaintiff in the above entitled cause against the defendant above named for divorce, on the ground of abandonment and separation by the defendant, under an act of the General Assembly, ratified on the 19th day of March A. D., 1895, it being made to appear that the defendant, Al. Roberts, is a non-